Operation, Maintenance & Set-Up Manual
ECS Membrane Processor: PMC and ISD

Part: VST ECS-CS3-310 – Three Phase
      VST-ECS-CS3-110 – Single Phase

Executive Orders: VR-203-O
                 VR-204-O

Version: 4.5

Vapor Systems Technologies, Inc.
650 Pleasant Valley Drive
Springboro, Ohio 45066
937-704-9333 PH
937-704-9443 FX
www.vsthose.com
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VST EVR Total Balance System Solution
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**About VST**

Vapor Systems Technologies, Inc. began in 1989 with the vision of **One Company – One Integrated Solution**.

Today, that philosophy is still in place and getting stronger. Recognizing that a healthier environment is a need and not an option, VST has dedicated its undivided attention to the ever-changing, stringent regulations that govern fugitive vapors at gasoline dispensing facilities (GDF). To this challenge, VST is committed to a continual R&D campaign of developing the most current, technologically advanced solutions to service not only the United States, but also the world.

VST specializes in the development, engineering, and manufacturing of products that are sold into the GDF segment of the petroleum industry. The VST focus provides our customers and users with exceptional products, services, and innovative solutions for improving the fueling-station experience as well as the world’s air quality.

VST’s product offering includes curb pump and vapor recovery hoses, safety breakaways, nozzles, and emission-control system **Processors**. The ENVIRO-LOC™ vapor-recovery product offering represents the most innovative concept in the industry for trapping fugitive vapors from the front end (vehicle refueling) to the back end (vent risers) of the GDF site.

**Notice**

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No part of this publication may be translated to another language without the prior written consent of Vapor Systems Technologies, Inc.
## Safety Icons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Electricity Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>ELECTRICITY</strong>&lt;br&gt;A potential shock hazard exists. High voltage is supplied to and exists in this device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Turn Power Off Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>TURN POWER OFF</strong>&lt;br&gt;Turn power off to the device and its accessories when installing and servicing the unit. Live power creates a potential spark hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Explosive Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>EXPLOSIVE</strong>&lt;br&gt;Gasoline and its vapors are extremely explosive if ignited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="No Power Tools Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>NO POWER TOOLS</strong>&lt;br&gt;Sparks from electric power tools can ignite gasoline and its vapors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Flammable Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>FLAMMABLE</strong>&lt;br&gt;Gasoline and its vapors are extremely flammable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="No People in the Area Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>NO PEOPLE IN THE AREA</strong>&lt;br&gt;Unauthorized people in the work area during installation and service of the device create a potential for personal injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="No Smoking Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>NO SMOKING</strong>&lt;br&gt;Gasoline and its vapors can be ignited by sparks and embers of burning cigarettes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Read All Related Materials Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>READ ALL RELATED MATERIALS</strong>&lt;br&gt;Read, understand, and follow all instructions, warnings, and requirements before you begin work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="No Open Flames Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>NO OPEN FLAMES</strong>&lt;br&gt;Open flames from sources like lighters and matches can ignite gasoline and its vapors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Use Safety Barricades Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>USE SAFETY BARRICADES</strong>&lt;br&gt;Unauthorized people in the work area during installation and service of the device create a potential for personal injury. Therefore, always isolate your work area by using safety cones, barricades, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pinch Risk Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>PINCH RISK</strong>&lt;br&gt;Stay clear. Keeps hands and tools away from rotating machinery and moving parts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Rotating Machinery Icon" /></td>
<td><strong>ROTATING MACHINERY</strong>&lt;br&gt;Stay clear. Keep hands and tools away from rotating machinery.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Table of Terms & Abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ASC</td>
<td>Authorized Service Contractor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AQMD</td>
<td>Air Quality Management Districts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATG</td>
<td>Automatic Tank Gauge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARB</td>
<td>California Air Resources Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDFA</td>
<td>California Department of Food &amp; Agriculture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVLD</td>
<td>Continuous Vapor Leakage Detection, another name for Vapor Leak Detection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECS</td>
<td>Emissions Control System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EO</td>
<td>Executive Order</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVR</td>
<td>Enhanced Vapor Recovery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDF</td>
<td>Gasoline Dispensing Facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HC</td>
<td>Hydrocarbon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HC IR</td>
<td>Hydrocarbon Infrared</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD</td>
<td>In-Station Diagnostics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAG Probe</td>
<td>A type (brand) of Tank Inventory Probe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEC</td>
<td>National Electric Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFPA</td>
<td>National Fire Protection Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORVR</td>
<td>On-Board Refueling Vapor Recovery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>Occupational Safety Health Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permeate</td>
<td>Air return to atmosphere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLC</td>
<td>Programmable Logic Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC</td>
<td>Pressure Management Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retentate</td>
<td>Vapor return to UST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RVP</td>
<td>Reid Vapor Pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLS</td>
<td>Tank Level System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLS Console</td>
<td>Veeder-Root’s line of environmental monitoring consoles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TS</td>
<td>Troubleshooting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ullage</td>
<td>Vapor space above liquid in a UST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UST</td>
<td>Underground Storage Tank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCK</td>
<td>Vapor Collection Kit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veeder Root</td>
<td>Manufacturer of the TLS-350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>Volatile Organic Compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VST</td>
<td>Vapor Systems Technologies, Inc. - manufacturer of the ECS Membrane Processor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WC</td>
<td>Water Column</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1 ECS Membrane Processor Overview

1.1 ECS Membrane Processor Theory of Operation

- The VST ECS membrane Processor does not interact directly with the other balance system hardware. It is in place to monitor and control the pressure in the UST to within limits specified by CARB.

Under conditions where the GDF is operational and the balance system hardware is functioning normally, the inherent ORVR compatibility of the balance system (when using VST’s ENVIRO-LOC nozzle) will produce a predominately negative gauge pressure in the ullage space of the UST. Under these conditions the ECS membrane Processor will typically not need to operate.

During periods of less activity, the GDF being shut down overnight, winter fuels being present, or other conditions that promote the pressurization of the ullage space, the ECS membrane Processor will operate as needed to control the pressure in the ullage space to an accepted level. The ECS membrane Processor will turn on at an ullage pressure of +0.20 inches of water and turn it off at a pressure of –0.20 inches of water. Currently, the ECS membrane Processor unit is monitored and controlled through the PMC or ISD software.

- The ECS membrane Processor uses a type of membrane technology to enable it to selectively separate the components in the ullage vapor mixture.

Through a somewhat complex transport means, certain molecules will selectively travel in a stream from one side of the membrane to the other. This stream is referred to as the permeate stream.

In this case, predominate molecules transported across the membrane will be the primary constituents of air, which are oxygen, nitrogen, and water vapor. A small amount of the hydrocarbons present in the ullage mixture will also migrate across the membrane. Typically, permeate will contain less than 3.0% hydrocarbons. The result of this activity includes, fresh air vented to atmosphere, hydrocarbon vapors returned to the UST, and UST pressurization controlled to an acceptable level.

- The process of separation by the membrane is made possible by using two pumps, one low-pressure pump which circulates the ullage vapor mixture along one side of the membrane, and one high-vacuum pump, which creates the pressure differential needed to cause the permeate to transport across the membrane. These are the only moving parts in the system.
1.2 Overview of How the Processor Operates

- The Processor is a technology created for Gasoline Dispensing Facilities (GDF) to assist them in reducing the number of harmful emissions released to the atmosphere through the natural occurrence of gasoline vaporization.

- The table below lists the steps that the Veeder-Root TLS 350 and the software takes to control the Processor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>When the UST system pressure rises above +0.2”WC, the Processor turns ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Through the vapor inlet pipe connection at the Processor, the VOC vapor is drawn into the suction side of the blower.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>The blower discharges the VOC vapor into the membrane housing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 4.   | Inside the membrane housing, the VOC vapor is separated into two air streams:  
  → VOC depleted air (referred to as “air”)  
  → Gasoline VOC vapor  
  The membrane is designed specifically for separating air from gasoline VOC vapor. |
| 5.   | A vacuum pump draws the air from the membrane housing through a check valve. |
| 6.   | A sample of the air flows through a hydrocarbon sensor to check the percent hydrocarbons. |
| 7.   | From the vacuum pump, the air is vented to atmosphere via the air return. |
| 8.   | The gasoline VOC vapor returns to the UST system via the vapor return. |
| 9.   | When the UST system pressure drops below -0.2”WC, the Processor turns OFF. |

1.3 Processor Dimensions and Weight

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| VST-ECS-CS3-110 | Single-Phase  | L-39” x W-27” x H-43”  
  Height includes 18” legs | 385 lbs.  
  Includes 24-lb. cover |
| VST-ECS-CS3-310 | Three-Phase   | L-39” x W-27” x H-43”  
  Height includes 18” legs | 350 lbs.  
  Includes 24-lb. cover |
# 1.4 Processor Components and Their Purpose

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART #</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PURPOSE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5001-001</td>
<td>Vacuum Pump / Three-Phase Motor Shipped with Three-Phase Processor</td>
<td>Draws air through the membrane housing to the atmosphere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5001-002</td>
<td>Vacuum Pump / Single-Phase Motor Shipped with Single-Phase Processor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5001-003</td>
<td>Vacuum Pump Drive Coupling Rubber Insert</td>
<td>Drive coupling rubber insert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5002-001</td>
<td>Circulating Blower / Three-Phase Motor Shipped with Three-Phase Processor</td>
<td>The blower circulates the vapor from the UST system through the separation membrane located inside the Processor back to the UST system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5002-002</td>
<td>Circulating Blower / Single-Phase Motor Shipped with Single-Phase Processor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5003-001</td>
<td>Check-Valve Assembly</td>
<td>Eliminates outside air from entering the UST’s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5005-001</td>
<td>Membrane</td>
<td>By means of the circulating blower, the vapor from the UST system continuously flows through the membrane housing, which holds the membrane cartridge. This happens only while the Processor is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The membrane cartridge separates the air from the VOC inlet vapor, returning a concentrated VOC stream back into the storage tank while the air is vented to the atmosphere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The membrane and housing use UL approved o-rings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5006-001</td>
<td>Membrane Housing, Complete</td>
<td>Houses the membrane cartridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5006-011</td>
<td>O-Ring (2) Vertical Tube</td>
<td>Prevents hydrocarbons from leaking into the atmosphere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5006-012</td>
<td>O-Ring (2) Base Insert</td>
<td>Prevents the separated air from mixing with concentrated hydrocarbons.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5006-013</td>
<td>O-Ring (2) Membrane</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5007-004</td>
<td>Hydrocarbon Sensor</td>
<td>The HC Sensor continuously monitors the amount of hydrocarbons in the air stream being vented to the atmosphere. This happens only while the Processor is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A 4-20mA signal is sent to the TLS-350 controller that monitors the hydrocarbon percentage by volume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24VDC power is required and is supplied from the HC sentry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PART #</td>
<td>DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>PURPOSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 5008-001| Heat-Trace Cable           | A self-regulating heat trace cable wraps around the membrane housing and is designed to keep the membrane housing temperature between 100°-150° F.  
|         |                            | Power is continuously applied to the heat-trace cable 100% of the time whether the Processor is running or not.  
|         |                            | The power requirements are 115 VAC at 130 watts per foot, with a maximum of 2 amps draw.  
|         |                            | On the end of the heat-trace cable is an end-seal kit to terminate the cable.                                                            |
| 5008-002| Heat Trace Power Connection Kit | Connection for 115V power.                                                                                                          |
| 5008-003| Heat Trace End Seal Kit    | End circuit connection.                                                                                                               |
| 5010-001| ECS Aluminum Cover         | Protective Cover                                                                                                                     |
| 5012-100| Membrane Tubing            |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5012-101| Blower Inlet Tubing        |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5012-102| Blower Outlet Tubing       |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5012-103| Vacuum Pump Inlet Tubing   | Internal Vapor Tubing                                                                                                                 |
| 5012-104| Vacuum Pump Outlet Tubing  |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5012-105| HC Return Tubing           |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5012-106| HC Inlet Tubing            |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5012-107| Membrane Outlet Tubing     |                                                                                                                                         |
| 5013-001| Insulation                 | 1" thick insulation encases the membrane housing and the heat trace cable to preventing unnecessary heat loss.                         |
### 1.5 Processor Auxiliary Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART #</th>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5015-001</td>
<td>HC Sentry Interface Module w/24VDC power supply</td>
<td>The HC Sentry module acts as an interface between the TLS and the HC sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>115v power is supplied to the HC sentry module, which supplies 24VDC power to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the HC sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A 4-20 mA signal is sent from the HC sensor to the HC sentry module, which</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>converts the signal to a proprietary code for the TLS-350.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5015-002</td>
<td>HC Sentry Interface Cable</td>
<td>Connects the HC Sentry to the TLS-350.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.6 Processor Manuals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manual #</th>
<th>Manual Name</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>9520-001</td>
<td>ECS Membrane Processor with PMC/ISD: Installation Manual</td>
<td>IOM-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9520-002</td>
<td>ECS Membrane Processor with PMC/ISD: OM&amp;S</td>
<td>IOM-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9514-003</td>
<td>ECS Membrane Processor with PMC/ISD: Troubleshooting Guide</td>
<td><a href="http://www.vsthose.com">www.vsthose.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9514-004</td>
<td>ECS Membrane Processor with PMC/ISD: Pre-Installation Site Survey</td>
<td><a href="http://www.vsthose.com">www.vsthose.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 1: How the Processor fits into the GDF layout
Note 1. Minimum Ø1" Dia for lengths < 10' from Processor to the vent risers
Minimum Ø1-1/2" Dia. for lengths > 10' from the Processor to the vent risers.
The three connections to the processor are 2", NPT.

Note 2. All three valves shown (connecting to the processor) must be locking ball valves.
Flexible connections between the Processor locking ball valves and the vent(s) is allowable if
required by the local authority having jurisdiction to meet seismic requirements. Should the
flexible connections be installed that is not supported, the slope of the flexible connections
back to the vent(s) shall be greater than 1/8" per foot.

* If a P/V valve is used, the internal components MUST be
removed to allow open venting to the atmosphere.
Flexible connections between the Processor locking ball valves and the vent(s) is allowable if required by the local authority having jurisdiction to meet seismic requirements. Should the flexible connections be installed that is not supported, the slope of the flexible connections back to the vent(s) shall be greater than 1/8" per foot.

- **WARNING:** The Air Outlet riser (#1) out of the Processor MUST NEVER be manifolded together with other vent risers.
- **WARNING:** The two vent risers that connect to the Processor MUST NEVER be manifolded together, as this will short circuit the Processor.
- Detail "A" shows a two vent riser configuration. Manifolding of the vent risers #2 & #3 at the P/V valve can not be allowed, as this will short circuit the Processor.
- Detail "B" shows a three vent riser configuration. Two of the vent risers may be manifolded at the P/V valve as shown with #2 and #3 connected.
- Detail "C" shows a four vent riser configuration. The vent risers may manifold at the P/V valve as shown with #2 and #3 connected, and #4 and #5 connected.

* If a P/V valve is used, the internal components MUST be removed to allow open venting to the atmosphere.
Figure 4: Processor Isometric Drawing (1 of 2)
Figure 5: Processor Isometric Drawing (2 of 2)
2 Processor Operation

- The Veeder-Root Pressure software controls the Processor and is located within the TLS-350 console. The TLS-350 is an automatic tank gauging, compliance, and fuel-management system.

- The TLS-350 will be configured for either PMC or ISD control software.

- Warnings and alarms are announced through the various lights on the panel as well as through a paper print-out.

---

![Figure 6: TLS-350 Face](image)

2.1 TLS 350 Construction

- The TLS Console is constructed with fuel compatible materials and is approved for use in GDF’s by UL (Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.) where wetted components and materials are tested for durability and resistance to corrosion.

- The TLS Console is designed to withstand power outages by storing critical system parameters in nonvolatile memory.

- The pressure sensor (supplied by Veeder-Root) is installed inside a dispenser.
2.2 **Automatic Control**

- Under automatic control, vapor pressure readings are compared to the programmed ON/OFF thresholds to determine the appropriate Processor state.

  ► When the Processor is OFF and the UST pressure equals or exceeds the programmed ON vapor pressure threshold, the Processor is turned ON and remains so until the pressure equals or is less than the programmed OFF vapor pressure threshold.

  ► During periods when there are no deliveries, if the Processor is ON continuously for longer than the programmed max 30 minutes runtime, the Processor is turned OFF.

  ► It will remain OFF for the same number of minutes programmed as max runtime minutes before turning back ON.

  ► It will continue to cycle on and off until the vapor pressure drops below the low/off threshold limit.

- During a delivery, if the Processor ON time exceeds the maximum run time, the Processor will be shut OFF.

  ► After 3 seconds the Processor will be turned back ON if the pressure is above the high pressure threshold limit.

  ► This cycle will continue until the delivery has ended or until the pressure goes below the low pressure threshold and the Processor is turned OFF.
2.3 Manual Control of the Processor

- From the PMC diagnostic menu, the Processor mode can be changed from Automatic to Manual.

- When the Processor control mode is Manual, the diagnostic menu allows the Processor to be directly turned ON and OFF.
  
  ▶ This feature is to support the testing functionality of the Processor or compliance testing without needing the pressure to be at operational set points.
  ▶ This is especially useful if the vapor space has been disturbed through the course of repair or testing.

- The current vapor pressure threshold settings are available through the diagnostic menu.

- Note: If the Processor is ON and the control mode is Automatic, changing the control mode to Manual mode will turn the Processor OFF.

- This feature is to support testing functionality of the Processor without needing the pressure to be at operational set-points.

- This function is also to be used for conducting testing or at any time compliant-testing involves opening of the vapor space.

- The current vapor pressure reading will also be available through the diagnostic menu.

At the conclusion of any testing or repairs, verify that the Processor has been set to “AUTOMATIC mode” at the TLS-350.
2.4 TLS Alarms

- During normal operation when the system is functioning properly and no warning or alarm conditions exist, the "ALL FUNCTIONS NORMAL" message will appear in the system status (bottom) line of the console display.

- If a warning or alarm condition occurs, the system displays the condition type and its location.

- If more than one warning or alarm condition exists, the display will alternately flash the appropriate messages.

- The system automatically prints an alarm report showing the warning or alarm type, its location, and the date and time the warning or alarm condition occurred.

- Warning and alarm posting causes the TLS 350 to activate:
  - Warning lights
  - Failure-Alarm indicator lights
  - Audible alarm
  - Automatic strip paper printout documenting the warning or alarm

2.5 Thresholds and Algorithms

- Two thresholds (high and low pressure) are used to activate and deactivate the Processor internal TLS-350 relay.

- Three thresholds can be set via the TLS keypad or serial RS232 commands. These thresholds include:
  - Vapor Processor LOW PRESSURE THRESHOLD set at -0.2" WC
    - Maximum negative UST pressure required in order to turn OFF the Processor
  - Vapor Processor HIGH PRESSURE THRESHOLD set at +0.2" WC
    - Minimum positive UST pressure required in order to turn ON the Processor
  - Vapor Processor runtime set at 30 minutes
    - Maximum allowable runtime

- The TLS 350 control algorithm checks the current UST pressure level and turns the Processor ON and OFF according to the high and low pressure thresholds.

- All WARNINGS and ALARMS should be resolved and then followed by CLEAR TEST AFTER REPAIR (found in the TLS menu) regardless of PMC and ISD software.
• The Veeder-Root Pressure Sensor (VRPS) reads every 20 seconds, and this reading is compared to the vapor-pressure thresholds to determine the Processor state, which will be either ON or OFF.

• DUE TO THE SAMPLE RATE OF 20 SECONDS, SOME DELAY OCCURS IN POSTING. THE ACTUAL VALUES DISPLAYED ON THE TLS MAY BE SLIGHTLY HIGHER THAN THE +.2"WC AND SLIGHTLY LOWER THAN THE -.2"WC SET POINTS.

• When the Processor is OFF and the high-vapor pressure threshold (+0.2"WC) is exceeded, the relay is enabled (which starts the Processor), and the relay remains enabled until the pressure drops below the low-vapor pressure (-0.2"WC) threshold.

• Automatic control is the default mode.

• The internal relay must be programmed as a **VST VAPOR PROCESSOR (VP)** through the TLS 350 relay setup menu.

• The Processor control algorithm will not be engaged until at least one relay of this type is detected by the TLS 350.

• Whenever the Processor runs more than 30 minutes, (whether you’re using PMC or ISD software) the Processor is automatically turned OFF.
  - During this 30-minute period, the Processor will not be controlled by UST pressure and will remain OFF for 30 minutes.

• The Processor will then restart assuming the UST pressure is still above the lower threshold setting and the TLS is in the automatic controlled mode.

• **Figure 7** shows the Processor Run-Time Algorithm.
Figure 7: Processor Run-Time Algorithm

Run-Time Threshold = 30 minutes
Duty Cycle Threshold = 70%
Low Pressure Threshold = 0.2' WC
High Pressure Threshold = 0.2' WC
### 2.5.1 TLS-350 (PMC): Alarm Troubleshooting Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Displayed Message</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Light Indicator</th>
<th>Suggested Troubleshooting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VP EMISSION WARN</td>
<td>Mass emission exceeded the certified daily threshold.</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>• Troubleshooting Guide <a href="http://www.vsthose.com">www.vsthose.com</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC SETUP FAIL</td>
<td>PMC is not configured or missing components.</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>• Troubleshooting Guide <a href="http://www.vsthose.com">www.vsthose.com</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• See ISD Troubleshooting Guide, P/N 577013-819.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC SENSOR FAULT</td>
<td>Component used by PMC has failed or reported an error condition.</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>• Check for Smart Sensor Device Alarm or Fault.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>See Troubleshooting section for complete description of sensors and</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>associated conditions that can cause a sensor fault.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP DUTY CYCLE WARN</td>
<td>Duty cycle exceeds 18 hours per day or 75% of 24 hours.</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>• Troubleshooting Guide <a href="http://www.vsthose.com">www.vsthose.com</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP DUTY CYCLE FAIL</td>
<td>2nd Consecutive Duty Cycle Failure.</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>• TLS 350 PMC Setup Procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Exhibit 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 2.5.2 TLS-350 (ISD): Alarm Troubleshooting Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Displayed Message</th>
<th>ISD Monitoring Category</th>
<th>Light Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Suggested Troubleshooting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ISD VAPOR LEAKAGE WARN</td>
<td>Containment</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Containment system leaks at 2 times the TP-201.3 standard.</td>
<td>Exhibit 4 TP-201.3 (or equivalent test procedure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD VAPOR LEAKAGE FAIL&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Containment</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>8&lt;sup&gt;th&lt;/sup&gt; Consecutive Failure of Pressure Integrity (Vapor Leak) Test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD GROSS PRESSURE WARN</td>
<td>Containment</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>95&lt;sup&gt;th&lt;/sup&gt; percentile of 7-days’ ullage pressure exceeds 1.3 IWC.</td>
<td>Exhibit 9 Exhibit 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD GROSS PRESSURE FAIL&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Containment</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>8&lt;sup&gt;th&lt;/sup&gt; Consecutive Failure of Gross Containment Pressure Test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD DEGRD PRESSURE WARN</td>
<td>Containment</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>75&lt;sup&gt;th&lt;/sup&gt; percentile of 30-days’ ullage pressure exceeds 0.3 IWC.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD DEGRD PRESSURE FAIL&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Containment</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>31&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; Consecutive Failure of Degradation Pressure Test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FLOW COLLECT WARN</td>
<td>Collection</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Vapor collection flow performance is less than 50%.</td>
<td>Exhibit 5 Exhibit 6 Exhibit 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FLOW COLLECT FAIL&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Collection</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; Consecutive Failure of Vapor Collection Flow Performance Monitoring Test</td>
<td>TP-201.4 (or equivalent test procedure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP EMISSION WARN&lt;sup&gt;3,4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Processor</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Mass emission exceeded the certified threshold.</td>
<td>Exhibit 8 Exhibit 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP EMISSION FAIL&lt;sup&gt;3,4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Processor</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; Consecutive Mass emission test failure.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displayed Message</td>
<td>ISD Monitoring Category</td>
<td>Light Indicator</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Suggested Troubleshooting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP DUTY CYCLE WARN³</td>
<td>Processor</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Duty cycle exceeds 18 hours per day or 75% of 24 hours.</td>
<td>• PMC Setup Procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP DUTY CYCLE FAIL</td>
<td>Processor</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>2nd Consecutive Duty Cycle Test Failure.</td>
<td>• Exhibit 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD SENSOR OUT WARN</td>
<td>Self-Test</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Failure of Sensor Self-Test</td>
<td>• Exhibit 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD SENSOR OUT FAIL</td>
<td>Self-Test</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>8th Consecutive Failure of Sensor Self-Test</td>
<td>• Exhibit 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD SETUP WARN</td>
<td>Self-Test</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Failure of Setup Test</td>
<td>• TP-201.3 (or equivalent test procedure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISD SETUP FAIL²</td>
<td>Self-Test</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>8th Consecutive Failure of Setup Test</td>
<td>• Confirm ISD sensor &amp; module installation / communication per VR 204 IOM Section 12, Chapter 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The alarms listed in above table will also activate an audible alarm


²ISD Shut Down Alarms – see Figure 48 of IOM Section 12

³This warning will result in an ISD VP Status Warn

⁴This failure will result in an ISD VP Status Fail
3 Post-Installation Power-Up Tests

CAUTION: During post-installation testing, the Processor will use outside air, not gasoline vapor from the USTs to conduct these tests.

- Close the 3 valves located on the inlet and the outlets of the Processor.
- Remove the plugs on the 3 tees located on the inlet and the outlets of the Processor.

3.1 Post-Installation Electrical Connections

- Prior to starting the Processor, the Motor Starter Relay Coil must be wired to the TLS-350 4-Relay Module. The Processor cannot start until this connection is made.

CAUTION: Make sure the TLS-350 is in the Manual OFF Mode prior to installing the wires. Make sure the power to the motors is OFF at the electrical panel.

- Install two 18 AWG wires that connect the Motor Starter Relay Coil to the TLS-350 4-Relay Module.
- See Figure 8 for connections to the TLS-350.
- Leaving the TLS-350 in the Manual OFF Mode, the power to the motors can be turned ON at the electrical panel.
- After the connection has been made, proceed to the Post-Installation Power-Up Tests.
- See Section 3.2.
Figure 8: Wiring the Motor Starter Relay Coil
3.2 Required Post-Installation Power-Up Tests

- These tests are used for the Post-Installation Power-Up and Troubleshooting Test.

- Once you have properly prepared the Processor for testing, conduct tests 1 through 4 found in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
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<tr>
<td>2. Motor Rotation Test</td>
<td>11-36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Heat-Trace Continuity Test</td>
<td>11-42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. HC Sensor &amp; HC Sentry 24 Power Test</td>
<td>11-43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 1. Minimum 1" Dia for lengths < 10' from Processor to the vent risers
Minimum 1½" Dia for lengths > 10' from the Processor to the vent risers
The three connections to the processor are 2½", NPT

Note 2. All three valves shown (connecting to the processor) must be locking ball valves.

Flexible connections between the Processor locking ball valves and the vent(s) is allowable if required by the local authority having jurisdiction to meet seismic requirements. Should the flexible connections be installed that is not supported, the slope of the flexible connections back to the vent(s) shall be greater than 1/8" per foot.

* If a P/V valve is used, the internal components MUST be removed to allow open venting to the atmosphere.
3.3 TLS Manual Mode

- Follow the steps at the TLS console to put the TLS-350 in the Manual “OFF” Mode, as shown in Figure 10 for the PMC Diagnostic Menu and Figure 131 for the ISD Diagnostic Menu.

- After the post-installation power-up tests are complete, put the Processor in the Manual “OFF” position.

- ALWAYS BE SURE TO REFER TO THE MOST RECENT VEEDEE-ROOT PMC MANUAL (Manual #577013-801).

**PMC Diagnostic Menu with PMC Software** (VR Reference Manual #577013-801)

![PMC Diagnostic Menu with PMC Software](image)

*Figure 10: PMC Diagnostic Menu with PMC Software*
Figure 11: PMC Diagnostic with ISD Software
3.4 Electrical Connection Test

- Put the TLS-350 in the Manual OFF mode as shown in the Diagnostic Menus (See Figure 10 or Figure 11).

- Check all electrical and control connections prior to applying power to the Processor.

- Make sure that all connections have been made to the proper terminals and that all connections are tight.
  - In the electrical room:
    - HC Sentry 24VDC (output) / 115V power
    - Fused disconnects
    - Panel breaker wiring connections
    - Starter
    - TLS 4-relay module
    - HC Sentry Interface Cable
  
  - At the Processor:
    - Blower motor
    - Vacuum pump motor
    - Heat trace cable
    - HC sensor
    - All equipment grounds

3.5 Motor-Rotation Test

- The purpose of this test is to insure that the motors are rotating in the correct direction.

- Turn the power OFF at the disconnect switch located near the Processor.

- Put the Processor in the manual ON Mode at the TLS as shown in the diagnostic menu in Figure 10 or Figure 11.

  - Remove the cover from the Processor.

- Bump the power (briefly energize) the power at the disconnect switch.

  - Visually check the motor rotation for the vacuum pump and blower motors to be sure they are rotating according to the arrows that are shown on the equipment.

  - The rotation of the motors can be visually checked by looking at the rotation of the fan located on the end of each motor.

**CAUTION: DO NOT RUN THE PUMP(S) FOR ANY EXTENDED PERIOD OF TIME UNTIL THE PROPER ROTATION IS VERIFIED OR YOU COULD CAUSE SERIOUS DAMAGE.**
Motor Rotation Test, continued . . .

- If the motors are rotating in the proper direction, put the TLS in the manual **OFF** mode.

- If either of the motors are not rotating in the correct direction:
  - Put the Processor in the manual “OFF” Mode at the TLS.
  - Follow safety regulations regarding lock-out / tag-out procedures to insure power cannot be turned on to the Processor.

- Three-Phase Motors:
  - At the motor junction box at the ECS Processor, switch any two of the three power circuits for the motor that is not rotating in the correct direction.
  - See Figure 13 and Figure 15.

- Single-Phase Motors:
  - Check the wiring connection diagrams for the specific motor that is not rotating in the correct rotation and correct as required.
  - See Figure 12 and Figure 14.

- Remove the lock from the lock-out and apply power to the Processor.

- Return the Processor to the manual **ON** Mode at the TLS-350.

- Bump the power (briefly energize) power at the disconnect switch.

- Re-check the equipment for proper rotation.

- Return the Processor to the manual **OFF** mode at the TLS.

*If either motor will not run, refer to the ECS Troubleshooting Guide found on the VST website at: www.vsthose.com.*
Figure 12: Vacuum Pump: Single-Phase Motor Wiring Diagram
Figure 13: Vacuum Pump: Three-Phase Motor Wiring Diagram

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>FLA</th>
<th>HP</th>
<th>Phase</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>230 V</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Three</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 V</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Three</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>460 V</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Three</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Vapor Systems Technologies, Inc.**
Springboro, Ohio 45066  www.vst送给.com
Figure 14: Blower: Single-Phase Motor Wiring Diagram
Figure 15: Blower: Three-Phase Motor Wiring Diagram
3.6 Heat-Trace Continuity Test

The purpose of the Heat Trace Continuity test is to insure there is not a short or damage to the Heat Trace cable. The self-regulating heating cable provides safe and reliable heat tracing for process temperature maintenance.

In electronics, a continuity test is the checking of an electric circuit to see if current flows (that it is in fact a complete circuit). A continuity test is performed by placing a small voltage (wired in series with an LED) across the chosen path. If the electron flow is inhibited by broken conductors, damaged components, or excessive resistance, the circuit is "open." Devices that can be used to perform continuity tests include multimeters or specialized continuity testers.

3.6.1 Preparing the heat trace electrical junction box for the test:

- CAUTION: Be sure to use Lockout/Tag-Out procedures when performing work on the Processor or while working on electrical components.

1. Put the Processor in the manual OFF mode at the TLS-350.
2. Trip the heat trace cable 115v circuit breaker in the electrical panel to remove the power from the heat trace cable.
3. Remove the cover to the Processor.
4. Remove the heat trace electrical junction box cover by removing the 4 hold-down screws and lifting the molded plastic cover off the base.

3.6.2 Testing the heat trace circuit

1. Using a multimeter or continuity tester, check the continuity (current flow) across the heat trace circuit as shown in Figure 16.
2. Verify the circuit is complete between the positive terminal and the neutral at the three-position terminal block.
3. If the red light does not come on, the heat trace circuit is open. (If electron flow is inhibited by broken conductors, damaged components, or excessive resistance, the circuit is “open.”):
   a) Check that all wiring connections are correct.
   b) Repair/replace the heat trace cable as required to correct the problem.
4. Replace the cover on the heat trace electrical junction box using the 4 hold-down screws.
5. Replace the cover on the Processor.
6. The Processor can now be put back in the Automatic Mode at the TLS-350 provided all work is completed.

3.7 HC Sensor and HC Sentry Power Test

- The purpose of this test is to insure there is 24VDC power to the HC sensor and the HC Sentry module.
3.7.1 Checking 24 VDC Power to the HC Sensor

- The 24VDC power to the HC sensor is from the HC Sentry Module.

- Using the multimeter, check the + to Gnd connection on the HC Sentry.

- If there is no 24VDC power, check power to the HC Sentry module.

- If the unit does not function properly, see the ECS Troubleshooting Guide found on the VST website at www.vsthose.com.

![HC Sentry Interface Module Front View: Power and ON/OFF Switch](image-url)

*Figure 17: HC Sentry Interface Module Front View: Power and ON/OFF Switch*
3.7.2 Checking 24VDC Power to the HC Sentry Module

- The HC Sentry is powered from a 115V outlet and uses a 115v/24VDC power converter, which is VST supplied.

- Check that the unit is ON.

- Check that the Power Light is ON.

- If the power light is not ON when the unit is ON:
  
  ► Check to make sure there is 115v power to the outlet.
  
  ► Check the ON switch on the HC Sentry module.
  
  ► Check that the 115v/24VDC power converter is functioning.
  
  ► If the unit does not function properly, see the ECS Troubleshooting Guide at www.vsthose.com.

![Power ON Light](image)

*Figure 18: HC Sentry Interface Module Back View: Power "ON" Light*
3.8 Processor Leak Test: After Repair (Only) ECS Unit

3.8.1 Purpose of the Test

- The purpose of the After Repair Leak Test is to insure that all of the ECS unit tubing fittings and tubes located inside the ECS unit are leak-free after the tubing has been disrupted for ECS unit repair.

3.8.2 Preparation

- Follow these steps to prepare the ECS unit for the Leak Test after repairs have been made.
  1. Conduct this test with the Veeder-Root TLS-350 in the Manual “OFF” Mode.
  2. Turn OFF power to the ECS unit and motors

3.8.3 Functional Test Procedures

1. Close the three (3) valves at the ECS unit.
2. Remove a 2” plug from one of the pipe tees at the ECS unit. (See Figure 10)
3. Install the Leak Test Fixture (See Figure 21) in the empty 2” pipe tee on the ECS unit.
4. The leak check is conducted with 1.0 to 2.0 PSI nitrogen.
5. Make sure the isolation valve on the Leak Test Fixture is fully closed.
6. Make sure the Leak Test Fixture pressure regulator is fully closed.
7. Make sure the nitrogen regulator is set at a maximum of 20 PSI outlet pressure.
8. Slowly open the valve on the test fixture to pressurize the ECS unit at 1.0 to 2.0 PSI compressed nitrogen.

CAUTION: PRESSURIZING THE ECS UNIT OVER A MAXIMUM OF 5.0 PSI MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE ECS UNIT O-RINGS AND/OR PUMP SEALS, WHICH WILL VOID ALL WARRANTIES OF THE ECS UNIT

9. With the ECS unit pressurized between 1.0 to 2.0 PSI compressed nitrogen, spray a soapy solution on each fitting to check for bubbles:
   - If bubbles do not appear, the connection is tight.
   - If bubbles do appear, tighten the leaking fitting 1/8” turn (maximum) and re-check for leaks.
   - If the fitting cannot be tightened so that the connection is leak free, replace the 45° flare tube assembly that is leaking with a new tube assembly.
10. Continue this process until all the internal tube fittings have been checked and found leak free.
11. Once this test is complete and all the piping fittings are leak free, remove the compressed nitrogen connection to the Leak Test Fixture.
12. Remove the Leak Test Fixture.
13. Re-install the 2” pipe plug.
14. After ALL repairs are complete:
   - Open the three (3) valves at the ECS unit.
   - Turn ON the power to the ECS unit and motors.
   - Return the Veeder-Root TLS-350 to the “AUTOMATIC” Mode.
Figure 19: Processor Inlets & Outlets

Figure 20: Typical Leak Check Test Fixture
3.9 Preparing the Processor for Field Operation

3.9.1 Setting the TLS-350 Threshold Values

- Although the threshold values are in the Veeder-Root posting reports, the Veeder-Root PMC and ISD manuals do not address changing the initial "Default" values to match the defaults that are prescribed in VST Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204.

- In the PMC Set Up menu verify / set the TLS-350 to the following values:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Threshold Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMC / ISD</td>
<td>Vapor Processor Max. Run-Time</td>
<td>60 minutes</td>
<td>30 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC / ISD</td>
<td>Over Pressure Limit</td>
<td>0.0&quot;WC</td>
<td>1.0&quot;WC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC / ISD</td>
<td>Analysis time</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>11:59 PM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC / ISD</td>
<td>Turn off vapor processor threshold</td>
<td>-0.2&quot;WC</td>
<td>NO CHANGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC / ISD</td>
<td>Turn on vapor processor threshold</td>
<td>+0.2&quot;WC</td>
<td>NO CHANGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC Only</td>
<td>Duty cycle limit</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>NO CHANGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMC / ISD</td>
<td>All the other associated threshold values are pre-set from the factory.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **CAUTION:** These values MUST be set prior to putting the TLS-350 into the AUTOMATIC MODE.

3.9.2 Processor Configuration Prior to Start Up

- After all the post-installation power-up tests are complete:

- Replace the plugs on the 3 tees located on the inlet and the outlet of the Processor and tighten.

- Lock in the open position the 3 valves located on the inlet and the outlet of the Processor.

- Leave the Processor in the manual "OFF" mode at the TLS 350.

- **See Figure 10 or Figure 11.**

- Complete the Post-Installation Power-Up checklist form (found on the next page of this document).
### 3.10 Post-Installation Power-Up Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Post-Installation Power-Up Checklist Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VST-ASC #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASC Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VST-ASC Certification Level:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASC Company:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDF Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDF Contact Person Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDF Contact Person Title:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDF Contact Person Phone:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:** Use this form to note details of the post installation process.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Checkpoints</th>
<th>Passed</th>
<th>Failed</th>
<th>Repaired</th>
<th>Replaced</th>
<th>Action Items if Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All electrical connections checked</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blower motor rotation checked</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pump motor rotation checked</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat-trace continuity checked</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HC Sentry power checked</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HC sensor power checked</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set threshold values</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above post-installation power-up tests were performed in accordance with IOM found in the VST's Executive Orders.

ASC Signature

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4 Processor Start-Up

- Use the following start-up procedure:
  - When initially starting the Processor or
  - When re-starting the Processor following maintenance or testing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>START-UP PROCEDURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Make sure the plugs are installed on the 3 tees at the Processor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Make sure all 3 valves are locked in the OPEN position at the Processor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Make sure power is on to the:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  - Heat-trace cable |
  - HC sentry |
  - HC sensor |
  - ECS vacuum pump |
  - ECS recirculation blower |
| 4. Make sure the pressure sensor is operational. |
| 5. Make sure that the GDF is vapor tight. (TP 201.3 and Exhibit 4) |
| 6. After the TLS is installed and configured and all EVR equipment has been installed, the Processor can become operational. |
  - Put the TLS in the AUTOMATIC MODE. |
  - If the pressure is above +0.2” WC, the Processor will start and the auxiliary relays will close. |
  - If the pressure is below +0.2” WC, the Processor will not start because the UST system-pressure is below the high-pressure threshold. |

NOTE: All exhibits can be found in Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204. VR-203 is for those systems using PMC. VR-204 is for those systems using ISD.

CAUTION:
Locking ball valve handles at the Processor inlet and outlet must not be removed.
4.1 Processor Shut-Down Procedure

CAUTION: POWER TO THE HC SENSOR AND THE HEAT TRACE CABLE MUST BE TURNED OFF INDIVIDUALLY FROM DIFFERENT POWER SOURCES. THEY DO NOT RECEIVE THEIR POWER FROM THE SAME SOURCE AS THE MOTORS.

4.1.1 Processor Shut-Down Procedure

- The Processor must be SHUT DOWN for all testing and maintenance.
- The only exception is for the “Determination of VST Processor Activation Pressure Test” (exhibit 9).
- To turn the Processor OFF:
  a) Through the front panel of the TLC console, access the PMC menu.
  b) Select Processor MANUAL mode.
  c) Verify that the status is OFF.
  d) Remove power to the Processor by either turning OFF the breaker or by disconnecting power at the Processor.
- To return the Processor to the AUTOMATIC mode:
  a) Through the front panel of the TLS console, access the PMC menu.
  a) Select Processor AUTOMATIC mode.
  b) Turn the power ON to the Processor.

4.1.2 HC Sensor and HC Sentry Module

- The 115VAC/24 VDC power supply for the HC Sentry Module / HC sensor can be unplugged, which will remove power to the HC Sensor in the Processor.

4.1.3 Heat-Trace Cable

- The heat trace cable should not be turned OFF unless maintenance is performed in an area that could cause electrical shock.
- Turn OFF power to the heat-trace cable from the 115v electrical-panel breaker.
5 Processor Maintenance

- The VST Emissions Control System consists of only two components having moving parts: a blower and a vacuum pump, which do not have any scheduled maintenance for 10 years.

- The remaining components are tested, but they require maintenance only if they fail their tests:
  - Heat trace cable
  - HC sensor
  - HC Sentry module

- Because the system continually monitors itself and notifies you of any problems or situations, it requires very little attention.

- The table on the following page outlines the required annual inspections and tests.
  - Preventative Maintenance Checklist Form
  - GDF Maintenance Records
## 5.1 Annual System Compliance Testing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Description</th>
<th>Exhibit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Static Pressure Test:</td>
<td>TP-201.3 Exhibit 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic Back Pressure Test:</td>
<td>TP-201.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Removal Test Procedure:</td>
<td>Exhibit 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbon Sensor Verification Test:</td>
<td>Exhibit 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure Sensor Verification Test:</td>
<td>Exhibit 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VST Processor Activation Test:</strong></td>
<td>Exhibit 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nozzle Bag Test Procedure:</strong></td>
<td>Exhibit 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ISD Operability Test:</strong> (Flow Meter Operability Test)</td>
<td>Exhibit 17 (Exec. Order VR-204 only)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** All exhibits can be found in Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204. VR-203 is for those systems using PMC. VR-204 is for those systems using ISD.
### 5.2 Annual Inspections and Replacements

#### Annual Processor Inspections and Replacements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Fail Criteria</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
<th>Reference Manuals</th>
<th>Authorized Personnel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blower</td>
<td>Replace the blower every ten years or 15,000 hrs. (whichever comes first).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IOM – 11 Found in Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pump</td>
<td>Replace blower every ten years or 15,000 hrs. (whichever comes first).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pump drive coupling - rubber insert</td>
<td>Visually inspect the drive coupling between the vacuum pump and the motor for wear</td>
<td>Rubber debris is found on or around the vacuum-pump base.</td>
<td>Replace the drive coupling rubber insert</td>
<td>IOM – 11 Found in Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204</td>
<td>VST ASC Level C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat Trace Cable</td>
<td>Check the continuity of the heat trace cable.</td>
<td>If the heat trace cable circuit is open, the cable has failed.</td>
<td>Replace the heat trace cable</td>
<td>IOM – 11 Found in Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HC Sensor</td>
<td>Test the HC sensor</td>
<td>The difference shall be within $\pm 1.0%$ HC concentration from the calibration gas concentration for zero and mid-range gas and $\pm 2.0%$ for the high-range gas.</td>
<td>Replace the HC Sensor</td>
<td>IOM – 11 and Exhibit 8 Found in Executive Orders VR-203 and VR-204</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5.3 Preventative Maintenance Checklist Form

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Date Inspected</th>
<th>Completed</th>
<th>Required Action Items</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PROCESSOR</strong></td>
<td>Yearly</td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Inspect drive coupling on the vacuum pump.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Check the continuity of the heat trace cable.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RECIRCULATION BLOWER</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replace every 10 years or 15,000 hours, whichever comes first.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VACUUM PUMP</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replace every 10 years or 15,000 hours, whichever comes first.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5.4 GDF Maintenance Record

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Maintenance/Test/Inspection/Failure (including date and time of maintenance call)</th>
<th>Repair date to correct test failure</th>
<th>Maintenance/Test/Inspection Performed and Outcome</th>
<th>Affiliation</th>
<th>Name and Technician ID Number of Individual Conducting Maintenance or Test</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Component Replacement

6 ECS Unit Purging Instructions Prior to Service or Maintenance

6.1 Purpose

- Prior to disassembly of the ECS unit, the ECS must be purged of gasoline vapor when internal components or internal tubing are removed for service or maintenance.

6.2 Tools Required

- The following tools are needed to purge the ECS unit of gasoline vapors:
  1. Large crescent wrench
  2. A Leak Check Test Fixture
  3. 1-bottle of nitrogen
  4. ¼” tubing (to connect the nitrogen bottle to the leak check test fixture)

6.3 Preparation

**CAUTION: THE ECS UNIT IN THE TLS DIAGNOSTIC MENU MUST BE IN THE MANUAL “OFF” MODE AND THE POWER TO THE ECS MUST BE TURNED OFF BEFORE PURGING THE ECS UNIT.** See Figure 12 or Figure 13.

1. Close the Vapor Inlet and Vapor Return isolation valves
   - The air outlet isolation does not have to be closed
   - See Figure 21.

2. Remove the caps from the Vapor Inlet and Vapor Return tees
   - The cap on the Air Outlet tee does not have to be removed
   - See Figure 21.

3. Install the Leak Check Test Fixture at the Vapor Inlet tee
   - Make sure the valve on the fixture is closed
   - Make sure the pressure regulator is set to zero flow
   - See Figure 22.

4. Connect the nitrogen bottle to the Leak Check Test fixture using ¼” tubing
   - CAUTION: Make sure the nitrogen regulator is set to 20 psi.

6.4 Procedures

1. Open the nitrogen valve.

2. Check to make sure the nitrogen supply pressure is 20 psi.

3. Slowly open the isolation valve on the leak check fixture.

4. Slowly open the pressure regulator so the supply pressure is at 1-2 psi.

5. Allow the nitrogen to purge the ECS unit for 2-3 minutes.

**PURGING OF THE ECS UNIT IS COMPLETE**
6.5 Post Purging Procedures

1. Close the nitrogen valve
2. Remove the ¼" tubing from the nitrogen bottle to the leak check fixture
3. Close the pressure regulator valve
4. Close the isolation valve
5. Remove the leak check fixture from the ECS unit

THE ECS UNIT IS NOW READY FOR SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE

6.6 Post Service or Maintenance

1. Make sure the caps have been replaced in the tees
2. Make sure the valves on the Vapor Inlet and the Vapor Return are open
3. Make sure the ECS is set at the TLS to the AUTOMATIC MODE

Figure 21: Processor Inlets & Outlets

Figure 22: Typical leak-check fixture
7 Blower Replacement

7.1 Blower Replacement Safety

Use lockout / tagout procedures prior to starting work.

7.2 Removing the Blower

1. Put the TLS 350 in the manual “OFF” mode.
   ▪ See Figure 10 or Figure 11.

2. Disconnect power to the blower and vacuum pump motors. Do this at both the breaker and at the disconnect switch. The disconnect switch is located near the Processor.

3. Close the ball valves between the Processor and the vents. See Figure 21.

4. Conduct ECS Unit Purge Procedure (See Section 6 of this document).

5. Completely remove the two blower ¾” - 45° flare inlet and out tubes.
   ▪ See Figure 24
   ▪ NOTE: The nuts on the tubing are ¾” 45° flare, use caution not to damage the flared ends on the tubing or the threads on the nuts after removal.

6. Remove the two 45° flare inlet and outlet connection fittings from the blower.

7. Disconnect and remove the blower electrical from the motor.
   ▪ See Figure 23.

8. Remove (4) ⅝” x ¾” mounting bolts.
   ▪ The 4 holes in the blower stand are tapped ⅛”.
   ▪ Keep the (4) ⅝” bolts for reuse or replace them with new ones.
   ▪ CAUTION: The blower end of the blower/motor assembly is heavier than the motor end, which may cause the blower to fall off the stand. USE CAUTION when removing the bolts.

9. Remove the blower from the stand.
7.3 Installing the New Blower

1. Place the new blower on the blower stand.

2. Install and hand tighten the (4) ¼" x ¾" blower mounting bolts.

3. Install the two 45° flare inlet and outlet connection fittings into the blower.

4. Install the ¾" inlet and outlet tubing.
   - Do not use any thread-sealing compound when assembling the 45° flare nuts.
   - NOTE: When tightening the 45° flare nuts: Clamp the tube flare between nut and nose body of the tube by screwing the nut on finger tight. Tighten with a wrench an additional ¼ turn for a metal-to-metal seal.

5. After the tubing is installed and the 45° flare nuts tightened, tighten the (4) mounting bolts.

6. Reconnect the electrical power wires to the blower motor.

7. Remove the lock(s) and tags from the lockout & tagout.

8. Conduct a Processor Leak Check – see Section 3.8 of this manual.

9. Open the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.

10. Turn ON power to the blower and vacuum pump at the breaker.

11. Put the TLS-350 in the manual ON mode.

12. Bump the power (briefly energize) the power at the disconnect switch.

13. Check the rotation of the blower motor.

14. Engage the disconnect switch.

15. After work is completed, put the TLS-350 in the AUTOMATIC mode.

See Figure 10 or Figure 11.
Figure 23: Blower electrical connection conduit

Figure 24: Blower inlet and outlet tubing connections and mounting bolts
8 Vacuum Pump Replacement

8.1 Safety

Use lockout / tagout procedures prior to starting work.

8.2 Removing the Vacuum Pump

1. Put the TLS 350 in the manual “OFF” mode.
   - See Figure 10 or Figure 11.

2. Disconnect power to the blower and vacuum pump motors. Do this at both the breaker and at the disconnect switch. The disconnect switch is located near the Processor.

3. Close the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.
   - NOTE: Before you begin disassembling; note that the vacuum pump and the motor are attached to a common base plate.

4. Conduct ECS Unit Purge Procedure (See Section 6 of this document).

5. Completely remove the vacuum pump ½” outlet tubing.
   - See Figure 25.

6. Completely remove the vacuum pump ½” and ¼” inlet 45° flare tubing and all pipe fittings connected to the vacuum pump.
   - See Figure 26.

7. Completely remove the ¼” HC sensor inlet tubing at the air outlet and the HC sensor.
   - See Figures 27 and 28.
   - NOTE: The tube ends are a Parker 45° flare, use caution not to damage the flared ends on the tubing or the threads on the nuts after removal.

8. Disconnect and remove the vacuum pump electrical from the motor.

9. Remove (4) ¼” x 1-½” mounting bolts from the vacuum pump motor assembly base plate.
   - Note: The vacuum pump and motor will stay connected to the base plate.
   - Keep the (4) bolts for reuse or replace with new.

10. Slide the vacuum pump out from under the blower stand.
8.3 Installing the new Vacuum Pump and Vacuum Pump Motor Assembly

1. Slide the new vacuum pump under the blower stand and align the mounting holes.
2. Install the (4) ¼” x 1-½” vacuum pump base mounting bolts.
3. Tighten the mounting bolts so that the bottom of the vacuum pump base is ⅛” from the ECS base.
4. Re-install the ½” and ¼” inlet 45° flare tubing and all pipe fittings connected to the vacuum pump.
5. Re-install the ½” outlet tubing.
6. Re-install the ¼” HC sensor inlet tubing.
   Do not use any thread sealing compound when assembling the 45° flare nuts.

**NOTE:** When tightening the 45° flare nuts: Clamp the tube flare between nut and nose body of the tube by screwing the nut on finger tight. Tighten with a wrench an additional ¼ turn for a metal-to-metal seal.

7. Reconnect the electrical power wires to the vacuum pump motor.
8. Conduct a Processor Leak Check – see **Section 3.8** of this document.
9. Open the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.
10. Remove the lock(s) and tags from the lockout & tagout.
11. Turn **ON** power to the blower and vacuum pump at the breaker, **but not at the disconnect switch**.
12. Turn the Processor to the **MANUAL ON** mode.
13. Bump the power (briefly energize) the disconnect switch.
14. Check rotation of vacuum pump motor.
15. After work is completed, put the TLS-350 in the **AUTOMATIC** mode.

**See Figure 10 or Figure 11.**
Figure 25: Vacuum pump outlet tubing connection

Figure 26: Vacuum pump inlet tubing and fittings
Figure 27: Vacuum pump electrical connection / vacuum pump outlet tubing / HC sensor inlet tubing

Figure 28: Air outlet / vacuum pump outlet / HC sensor inlet tubing
9 Membrane Replacement

9.1 Safety

Use lockout / tagout procedures prior to starting work.

9.2 Removing the Membrane from the Membrane Housing

1. Put the TLS 350 in the manual “OFF” mode. See Figure 10 or Figure 11.

2. At the breaker and at the disconnect switch, disconnect power to the heat trace cable, the vacuum pump, and the blower.

3. Close the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.

4. Conduct ECS Unit Purge Procedure (See Section 6 of this document).

5. Disconnect and remove the ½” 45° flare tubing from the top and side of the membrane housing: See Figure 29.

   NOTE: The nuts on the tubing are ¾” 45° flare. Use caution not to damage the flared ends on the tubing or the threads on the nuts after removal.

6. Remove the (4) ¼” bolts from the top plate (on top of the membrane housing).

7. Keep the (4) bolts/washers/lock washers for reuse.

8. Remove the top plate. A small lever may have to be used to gently pry the top plate off the membrane housing.

   The top plate seals against the vertical tube with an o-ring. Use caution when removing the top plate. The membrane is now exposed.

   See Figure 30.

   Figure 29: Membrane Housing

   Figure 30: Exposed membrane with top plate removed.

Continued next page . . .
9. Gently screw the membrane extraction tool into the top of the membrane. Screw the extraction tool into the membrane until the threads bottom out. See Figure 31.

CAUTION: Do not over tighten the extraction tool when screwing into the membrane.

10. Gently move the extraction tool side-to-side while pulling up with moderate force until the membrane becomes loose.

CAUTION: Do not use excessive force or a twisting action to remove the membrane as these items may cause damage to the membrane epoxy potting.

There are two o-rings on the inside bottom of the vertical tube causing resistance in removing the membrane.

An aluminum insert (Figure 32) may still be attached to the bottom of the membrane or will stay in the membrane-housing base.

**DO NOT LOSE THE INSERT AS IT WILL BE NEEDED TO COMPLETE THE MEMBRANE INSTALLATION AND MAKE THE MEMBRANE OPERATION FUNCTIONAL.**

11. Remove the extraction tool from the membrane.

12. Remove and discard the (4) o-rings:

   (2) O-rings on the membrane

   (2) O-rings on the base insert

Keep the vertical tube top o-ring for re-use.

---

Figure 31: Membrane extraction tool

Figure 32: Membrane base insert
9.3 Installing the New Membrane

1. Install (4) new O-rings:
   (2) O-rings on the membrane (VST Part #5006-013).
   (2) O-rings on the base insert (VST Part #5006-012).

2. Use only silicon grease (not hydrocarbon-based grease) on the o-rings prior to installation.

   Hydrocarbon-based grease or lubricant will emit hydrocarbon vapors, which will be measured by the HC sensor and will cause inaccurate gas-level readings.

3. With (2) new o-rings on the “insert” installed, place the “insert” into the bottom of the base as orientated in Figure 32.

4. With the (2) membrane o-rings installed, place the membrane into the membrane housing.
   Apply a moderate downward force with a mild side-to-side action to seat the membrane in the membrane base.

5. Install the existing top vertical tube o-ring (re-lubricated). Install the top plate.
   - The top plate will seat on the vertical tube o-ring while bolting the top plate in place.
   - **DO NOT USE FORCE TO SEAT THE TOP PLATE.**

6. Install the (4) ¼” bolts/washers/lock washers in the top plate/retaining ring to secure the top plate.

7. Tighten the (4) bolts to 85 in-lbs in a cross-pattern using 20%, 40%, 60%, 80%, 90%, 100% of torque.
   - This cross-pattern torque procedure will evenly seat the top plate to the vertical tube.

8. Re-install the ½” 45° flare tubing from the top/side of the membrane housing.
   - Note: When tightening the 45° flare nuts: Clamp the tube flare between nut and nose body of the tube by screwing the nut on finger tight. Tighten with a wench an additional ¼ turn for a metal-to-metal seal.

9. Perform a Processor Leak Test. **See Section 3.8.**

10. Open the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.

11. Remove the lock(s) and tags from the lockout & tagout.

12. Turn **ON** power to the heat trace, blower, and vacuum pump.

13. After work is completed, put the TLS-350 in the **AUTOMATIC** mode.
    **See Figure 10 or Figure 11.**
10 Drive Coupling Rubber Insert Replacement

- NOTE: The drive coupling rubber insert replacement is done with the vacuum pump and motor assembly still attached to the ECS base.

10.1 Safety

Use lockout / tagout procedures prior to starting work.

10.2 Removing the Drive Coupling Insert

1. Prior to starting work, put the TLS-350 in the Manual OFF mode.
   - See Figure 10 or Figure 11
2. Close the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.
3. At the disconnect switch and at the breaker, disconnect the power to the blower and vacuum pump motors.
4. Conduct ECS Unit Purge Procedure (See Section 6 of this document).
5. With the vacuum pump and motor assembly in-place on the ECS base, remove the drive coupling guard and the pump fan guard.
   - See Figures 34-35.
6. Completely remove the vacuum pump ½” outlet tubing.
   - See Figure 25.
7. Completely remove the vacuum pump ½” and ¼” inlet 45º flare tubing and all pipe fittings connected to the vacuum pump.
   - See Figure 27.
8. Completely remove the ¼” HC sensor inlet tubing at the air outlet and the HC sensor.
   - See Figure 50.
   - NOTE: The tube ends are a Parker 45º flare, use caution not to damage the flared ends on the tubing or the threads on the nuts after removal.

Continued next page...
9. Un-bolt the vacuum pump from the base and move the vacuum pump away from the motor.
   - Moving the vacuum pump away from the motor will separate the drive coupling for removal of the rubber insert.
   - Be sure to mark and keep any shims used under the vacuum pump for re-use (the shims are used for aligning the vacuum pump with the motor).
   - Keep the bolts for re-use.
   - See Figure 37.

Figure 35: Vacuum pump unbolted and moved away from the motor
10.3 Installing the Drive Coupling Insert

1. Replace the rubber insert into the drive coupling.
   See Figure 36.

2. Slide the vacuum pump towards the motor.
   • Place any shims under the vacuum pump in their original location.

3. Bolt the vacuum pump to the vacuum pump base.

4. Install the drive coupling and fan guards.

5. Re-install the ½" and ¼" inlet 45° flare tubing and all pipe fittings connected to the vacuum pump.

6. Re-install the ½" outlet tubing.

7. Re-install the ¼" HC sensor inlet tubing.
   Do not use any thread sealing compound when assembling the 45° flare nuts.
   **NOTE:** When tightening the 45° flare nuts: Clamp the tube flare between nut and nose body of the tube by screwing the nut on finger tight. Tighten with a wrench an additional ¼ turn for a metal-to-metal seal.

8. Perform a Processor leak test – see Section 3.8 of this document.

9. Remove the lock(s) and tags from the lockout & tagout.

10. Open the ball valves between the Processor and the vent risers.

11. At the breaker, **but not at the disconnect switch**, turn ON power to the blower and vacuum pump.

12. Return the TLS-350 to the manual ON mode.

13. Using the disconnect switch near the Processor, briefly cycle the power to verify that there is no excessive vibration at the coupling.

14. After work is completed, put the TLS-350 in the **AUTOMATIC** mode and engage the disconnect. See Figures 12 or 13.

![Figure 36: Drive coupling rubber insert](image-url)
11 Heat Trace Cable Replacement

11.1 Safety

Use lockout / tagout procedures prior to starting work.
Disconnect electricity to the Processor.

11.2 Removing the Heat Trace Electrical Box

1. Prior to starting work, put the TLS-350 in the Manual “OFF” mode
   • See Figure 10 or 11.
   • Remove power to the Processor by either turning OFF the breaker or by disconnecting power at the Processor.

2. At the breaker, disconnect power to the heat trace cable.

3. Remove the entire heat trace electrical box from the ¾” tubing.

4. Disconnect and remove the heat trace cable from inside the electrical junction box.
   • Remove the top cover from the electrical junction box (be sure to keep the screws for reuse).
   • Remove the 115V and ground wires from the terminal block located inside the electrical junction box.
   • See Figure 37.
   • Remove the bottom plate (be sure to keep the screws for reuse).
   • Pull the heat trace cable out of the electrical box and bottom plate (be sure keep the rubber grommet for reuse).

5. Completely remove the 1” thick F/G insulation from the membrane housing.
   • Cutting on the insulation seam, remove the insulation (with the aluminum tape attached) in one piece and save for reuse.
   • See Figure 38.

6. Peel the aluminum tape off the heat trace cable and discard.
   • This will expose the heat trace cable and end seal kit.

7. Disassemble the seal kit and remove the heat trace cable.
   • Retain the end seal kit parts for re-use.
11.3 Overview for Installing the New Heat Trace Cable

1. VST has found that making both the end seal kit and electrical junction box connection first to the heat trace cable works the best.

2. After both connections are made to the heat trace cable, attach the electrical junction box to the ¾” tube.

3. After the electrical junction box is attached to the ¾” tube, wrap the heat trace cable around the vertical tube starting at the bottom and wrapping towards the top, applying aluminum tape on each revolution.

4. The last step is to secure the end seal kit to the vertical tube.

11.4 Steps for Installing the New Heat Trace Cable

1. Install the end seal kit on the heat trace cable:
   - Using a multimeter, check the heat trace cable electrical circuit continuity at the electrical junction box to insure the circuit is complete and is not in a ground fault condition.
   - See Figure 39. End Seal Kit Components
   - See the Figures 40-41. Chromalox End Seal Kit Installation Instruction (2-Pages - ) to install the heat trace cable on the end seal kit
   - Figure 42. Prepare the New Heat Trace Cable for installation into the End Seal Kit

2. Install the heat trace cable to the electrical junction box.
   - See Figures 43-46. Electrical Junction Box Installation Instructions, (4-Pages).

3. Attach the electrical junction box to the ¾” tube (attached to the membrane housing).

4. Wrap the heat trace cable around the vertical tube starting at the bottom and wrapping towards the top, applying aluminum tape on each revolution.
   - Be sure to install the heat trace cable flat against the membrane housing – free of twists.
   - Use nylon reinforced aluminum tape.

5. Secure the end seal kit/heat trace cable to the top section of the top section of the vertical tube.
   - See Figure 47 End Seal Kit Location and Heat Trace Cable Installation.
   - The heat trace cable on the vertical tube should be completely wrapped with aluminum tape. (Note: The nylon reinforced aluminum tape serves two purposes, it holds the heat trace cable in place while installing the heat trace cable on the vertical tube, and it insures the heat trace cable is held firmly in contact with the vertical tube).

6. The installation is now complete.
   - See Figure 48. Installed Electrical Junction Box with Electrical Connections.

7. Check all electrical connections for loose wires.

Continued next page . . .
8. Remove the lock(s) and tags from the lockout & tagout.

9. Turn ON power to the Heat Trace Cable and vacuum pump.

10. After work is completed, put the TLS-350 in the **AUTOMATIC** mode.
    - See Figure 10 or 11

---

**Figure 37**: Termination block inside the electrical junction box

**Figure 38**: Seam to cut to remove the insulation

**Figure 39**: End seal kit components
- Connection screws
- End cap
- Grommet
- Pressure plate
- Heat trace cable
Type RTES End Seal Kit for Self-Regulating and Constant Wattage Rapid-Trace Heating Cable

The RTES kit is used for terminating braided (-C) and overcoated (-CR or -CT) versions of Self-Regulating and Fluoropolymer insulated Constant Wattage Rapid-Trace Heating Cable. The cable grommet is furnished with this kit such that the kit suffix number is the same as the grommet number (e.g., an RTES-3 kit uses a GR3 grommet). Refer to the list below to ensure you have the proper grommet for the cable you are installing.

GR1 for SRL-C
GR2 for SRL-CT or SRL-CR
GR3 for CWM-C
GR4 for CWM-CT
GR5 for SRL-MC
GR6 for SRL-MCR or SRL-MCT
GR7 for SRME-C
GR8 for SRME-CT

Each kit contains enough material to make one termination. Materials required include: standard electrical cutters, screwdriver and fiberglass tape.

INSTALLATION

**WARNING**

Electric Shock Hazard. Disconnect all power before installing or servicing heating cable and accessories. A qualified person must perform installation and service of heating cable and accessories. Heating cable must be effectively grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Failure to comply can result in personal injury or property damage.

Note: All electrical wiring, including GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters), must be done in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local codes by a qualified person.

Note: These instructions are for all Self-Regulating and Constant Wattage heating cables in ordinary locations. Consult factory for installation of braided cable in hazardous locations. Not all instructions, are for all cables. Each step has a boldface heading stating what type of cable that instruction is for.

1. FOR CONSTANT WATTAGE CABLE:
   Using standard electrical cutters, make a perpendicular cut across the cable four inches from the last module point.
   Note: Cutting the cable between module points (indentions in cable) creates a non-heated cold lead. See Figure 1.

---

Figure 40: End seal kit installation instructions, page 1 of 2
INSTALLATION

2. FOR CABLE WITH EXPOSED METAL BRAID (-C): Push the braid back three inches to expose the base cable insulation. See Figure 2.

3. FOR ALL CABLE: Slide the pressure plate and grommet over the end of the cable. Note: The pressure plate and end cap have different size curved surfaces on the top and bottom of each piece. These curved surfaces are designed to give a better fit on process equipment. The side with the smaller radius curve is for use on pipes with diameters up to three inches or on flat surfaces. The other side is for use on pipes with diameters of three inches or more. See Figure 3 and Figure 8.

4. FOR OVERCOATED CABLES (-CR or -CT): Score the outer jacket one inch from the end of the cable. Remove the jacket to expose the braid. Unravel and trim the braid flush with the outer jacket. Pull any strands of braid back towards the outer jacket. See Figure 4.

5. FOR ALL CABLE: Using standard electrical cutters, cut a “V” notch between the two wires. See Figure 5.

6. FOR ALL CABLE: Slide the pressure plate and grommet towards the end of the cable leaving 5/8” of the cable extending past the end of the grommet. See Figure 6.

7. FOR ALL CABLE: Slide the end cap over the grommet. Using a screwdriver, connect the pressure plate to the end cap. See Figure 7.

8. FOR ALL CABLE: Using a fastening device, fiber-reinforced electrical tape (Chromaflex FT-I or equal), secure the assembly to the pipe. Wrap the tape around the assembly between the legs. See Figure 8.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY AND LIABILITY

Chromalox warranty only that the products and parts manufactured by Chromalox, when shipped, fulfill all applicable specifications and other specific product and work requirements, including those of performance, if any, and will be free from defects or nonconformities (such hereinafter called “defects”) in material or workmanship. Products, parts or work under this warranty shall be in good working condition immediately upon delivery; and any warranty written one (1) year after delivery, provided, however, that all claims for defects in the products and parts are made in writing to Chromalox within fifteen (15) days of discovery of any defect and the claims shall be made to Chromalox who shall, at its discretion, (i) repair or replace the products, parts or work at the original cost to Chromalox or (ii) refund to the extent of the original cost to Chromalox and the buyer any reasonable cost of defense against any claim made by a third party and any judgment or settlement costs related to the products, parts or work caused by defects. Claims not made in writing within the above time limits shall be barred.

Figure 41: End seal kit installation instructions, page 2 of 2
Figure 42: Prepare the new heat trace cable for installation into the end seal kit

A. Twin 14 AWG copper buss wires
B. Semi-conductive polymer core
C. High temp. fluoropolymer jacket
D. Metallic braid ground
E. High temperature fluoropolymer jacket
RTPC Power Connection Kit for Self-Regulating and Constant Wattage Rapid-Trace Heating Cable

RTPC Power Connection Kit Parts:
1 - Molded Junction Box consisting of:
   Base - Box - Lid - Hardware
1 - Three Position Terminal Block
1 - Mounting Screw for Terminal Block
1 - Cable Grommet
1 - Cover Gasket

GENERAL

⚠️ WARNING
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD. Disconnect all power before installing or servicing heating cable and accessories. A qualified person must perform installation and service of heating cable and accessories. Heating cable must be effectively grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Failure to comply can result in personal injury or property damage.

NOTE: All electrical wiring, including GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters), must be done according to National Electrical or local codes by a qualified person.

The RTPC Kit is used to connect base, braided (-C) and overcoated (-CR or -CT) versions of Self-Regulating and Phenolpolymer insulated Constant Wattage Rapid-Trace Heating Cables to power. The cable grommet is furnished with this kit, such that the kit suffix number is the same as the grommet number (e.g., an RTPC-3 kit uses a GR3 grommet). Refer to the list below to ensure you have the proper grommet for the cable you are installing.

- GR1 for SRL-C
- GR2 for SRL-CR or SRL-CT
- GR3 for CWM-C
- GR4 for CWM-CT
- GR5 for SRL-MC
- GR6 for SRL-MCR or SRL-MCT
- GR7 for SRM/E-C
- GR8 for SRM/E-CT

Each kit contains enough material to make one power connection point. It is possible to connect up to three Self-Regulating or two Constant Wattage Cables in the same box. (One grommet required for each cable.)

Materials required for installation include: standard electrical cutters, screwdriver, sharp utility knife and a pipe strap (Chromalox PS or equal).

Wipe inside lip of cover with a clean cloth. Remove protective backing from the gasket and affix it to the cover lip. Press firmly all around for proper adhesion.

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Figure 43: Electrical junction box installation instructions, page 1 of 4
**INSTALLATION**

**NOTE:** These instructions are for all Self-Regulating and Constant Wattage heating cables in ordinary locations. Consult factory for installation of braided cable in hazardous locations. Not all instructions are for all cables. Each step of the instructions will have a heading in boldface stating what type of cable each instruction is intended for.

1. **FOR CONSTANT WATTAGE CABLES:**
   Cut the cable 12 inches past the last module point (indentation in cable). **NOTE:** Cutting the cable between module points creates a non-heating cold lead. See Figure 1.

   ![Figure 1](image)

2. **FOR CABLE WITH EXPOSED METAL BRAID (-C):**
   Push the braid back 12 inches on the cable. See Figure 2.

   ![Figure 2](image)

3. **FOR ALL CABLES:**
   Feed the ends of the cables through the appropriate hole in the base. Allow eight (8) inches of cable to extend above the top of the base. See Figure 3.

   ![Figure 3](image)

4. **FOR ALL CABLES:**
   Slide cable grommet over the end of the cable and insert it into the opening in the base. Secure the base to the pipe by threading the appropriate sized pipestrap through the slot in the mounting plate. Tighten the pipestrap until the base is securely attached to the pipe. See Figure 4.

   ![Figure 4](image)

5. **FOR OVERCOATED CABLES (-CR or -CT):**
   Score the outer insulation seven (7) inches from the end of cable. Remove the jacket to expose the metal braid. See Figure 5. **CAUTION:** When removing the outer jacket, be careful not to damage the braid or the base cable insulation.

   ![Figure 5](image)

6. **FOR ALL CABLES:**
   Punch out the knockouts on the bottom of the box which correspond to the openings in the base through which the heating cable passes. Be careful to punch out only those knockouts to be used. If one is mistakenly punched, blank grommets can be ordered to re-establish the water tight seal. See Figure 6.

   ![Figure 6](image)

*Figure 44: Electrical junction box installation instructions, page 2 of 4*
7. FOR ALL CABLES:
Feed the cables through the corresponding holes in the box. Secure box to base using all four (8-32) screws. See Figure 7.

8. FOR OVERCOATED CABLES:
Starting from the end of the cable, unravel 2-1/2 inches of the braid. Twist the strands together to form a pigtail. See Figure 8.

9. FOR SELF-REGULATING CABLES:
Using standard electrical cutters, cut a 3/4 inch long notch out of the cable between the conductor wires. Bare a 3/8 inch length of each conductor by stripping off the outside insulation and the inner black core material. See Figure 9.

10. FOR CONSTANT WATTAGE CABLES:
Score the outer jacket 3/4 inch from the end of the cable and remove the jacket. Cut off the exposed nichrome wire, pushing any remainder back under the jacket. These cables have an inner layer of insulation which is also to be removed as described above. Separate the buss wires and strip off the last 3/8 inch of insulation from both buss wires. See Figure 10.

11. FOR ALL CABLES:
Insert the bared ends of the conductors into the openings in the terminal block. Tighten screws firmly to hold conductors in place. See Figure 11.

12. FOR OVERCOATED CABLES (-CR or -CT):
Insert the end of the braid pigtail into the remaining opening in the terminal block. Tighten screw firmly to hold the braid in place. See Figure 12.

13. FOR ALL CABLES:
Connect conduit hub (Chromalox CCH or equal) to the box. Attach conduit to hub and bring power leads into box. See Figure 13.

Figure 7

Figure 10

Figure 8

Figure 11

Figure 9

Figure 12

Figure 13

Figure 45: Electrical junction box installation instructions, page 3 of 4
14. FOR ALL CABLES:
Strip 3/8 inch length of each conductor of the power cord. Insert the bare ends of the conductors into the corresponding openings on the unused side of the terminal block. Remember, the green (ground) wire must be opposite of the opening of the terminal block which is either empty or contains the metal braid. See Figure 14.

15. FOR ALL CABLES:
Mount terminal block to bottom of the box by driving the 6/32 self-tapping screw into the mounting hole as shown. See Figure 15.

16. FOR ALL CABLES:
Carefully push the wires into the box. Secure the lid to box. See Figure 16.

17. FOR CABLE WITH EXPOSED METAL BRAID (-C):
Unravel four (4) inches of braid from the cable and twist into a pigtail.

**WARNING**

*ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD.* The twisted braid must be effectively grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code to eliminate electric shock hazard.

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**WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY AND LIABILITY**

Chromalox warrants only that the Products and parts manufactured by Chromalox, when shipped, and the work performed by Chromalox when performed, will meet all applicable specifications and other specific product and work requirements (including those of performance), if any, and will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal conditions of use. All claims for defects in manufacturing (both internal and called defects) Products, parts or work under this warranty must be made in writing immediately upon discovery, and in any event, within one (1) year from delivery, provided, however, all claims for defective Products, parts and work must be made in writing no later than eighteen (18) months after shipment by Chromalox. Defective and nonconforming items must be held for Chromalox’s inspection, and returned to the original (A.O.S.) point of purchase. The furnishing is EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS, IMPLIED AND STATUTORY, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

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**Figure 46:** Electrical junction box installation instructions, page 4 of 4
Figure 47: End seal kit location and heat trace cable installation
Figure 48: Installed electrical junction box with electrical connections
12 Hydrocarbon Infrared (HC IR) Sensor Module Replacement

12.1 Safety

Use lockout / tagout procedures prior to starting work.

Figure 49: HC IR Sensor Module and Electrical Housing Assembly
12.2 Removing HC IR Sensor from the HC IR Sensor Module Electrical Housing

1. Prior to starting work, put the TLS-350 in the Manual “OFF” mode. See Figure 10 or Figure 11.

2. At the disconnect switch or the breaker, disconnect power to the heat trace cable, the vacuum pump, and the blower motors.

3. Conduct ECS Unit Purge Procedure (See Section 6 of this document).

4. In the electrical room, turn off the HC Sensor power by disconnecting the 115V power to the HC Sentry Module.

5. Disconnect and completely remove the ¼” 45° flare tubing from the top and bottom sides of the HC IR Sensor Module.
   - See Figure 50.
   - NOTE: The nuts on the tubing are ¼” 45° flare. Use caution to avoid damaging the flared ends on the tubing or the threads on the nuts after removal.

5. Remove the cover on the electrical house and keep for re-use.
   - NOTE: Do not remove the HC sensor electrical housing.

Continued next page . . .
6. Disconnect the following HC IR sensor wires from the electrical housing circuit board:
   - White: 4-20 mA signal wire
   - Black: -(common) RET wire
   - Red: +24VDC power wire
   - NOTE: The yellow and green wires are not used in this application.
   - See Figures 53 and 54.

7. Unscrew and remove the HC IR Sensor Module from the electrical housing.
   - Package the used HC IR Sensor Module in the anti-static bag and box that came with the new / recalibrated HC IR Sensor Module unit.
   - The used HC IR Sensor Module can be sent back to VST for re-calibration.

---

**Figure 51: HC IR Sensor Electrical Housing Circuit Board**

**Figure 52: HC IR Sensor Electrical Housing Circuit Board Wiring Diagram**
12.3 Installing a New or Re-calibrated HC IR Sensor Module to the HC IR Sensor Module Electrical Housing

1. Use only silicon grease (not hydrocarbon-based grease) to lubricate the HC IR sensor threads prior to installation.
   - Hydrocarbon-based grease or lubricant will emit hydrocarbon vapors, which will be measured by the HC sensor and will cause inaccurate gas-level readings.

2. Screw the new / re-calibrated HC IR sensor module to the electrical housing.
   - Remove the aluminum cover from the HC IR sensor.
   - While screwing on the sensor, orient the optics in the vertical position.
   - See Figure 53.

3. Replace the aluminum cover on the HC IR sensor.

Figure 53: HC IR sensor installation orientation
4. Connect the following HC IR sensor wires to the electrical housing circuit board:
   - White: 4-20 mA signal wire
   - Black: -(common) RET wire
   - Red: +24VDC power wire
   - NOTE: the yellow and green wires are not used in this application.
   - See Figures 53 and 54.

5. Install the cover on the electrical housing.
   - Use only silicon grease (not hydrocarbon-based grease) to lubricate the cover threads prior to installation.
   - Hydrocarbon-based grease or lubricant will emit hydrocarbon vapors, which will be measured by the HC sensor and will cause inaccurate gas-level readings.

6. Re-install the (2) ¼” 45° flare tubing on the top and bottom sides of the HC IR sensor module.
   - NOTE: When tightening the 45° flare nuts, clamp the tube flare between the nut and the nose body of the tube by screwing the nut on finger-tight. Tighten with a wrench an additional ¼-turn for a metal-to-metal seal.

7. Remove the lock(s) and tags from the lockout/tagout.

8. At the breaker and at the disconnect switch, turn ON power to the heat trace, blower, and vacuum pump.

9. In the electrical room, turn ON power to the HC Sentry Module.

10. Perform a Processor Leak Test – see Section 3.8 of this document.

11. After the installation is complete, put the TLS-350 in the AUTOMATIC ON mode.
    - See Figure 10 or 11.
13 Forms

- The following pages contain forms for:
  - Scheduled preventative maintenance list
  - Scheduled preventative maintenance checklist
13.1 Preventative Maintenance

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<thead>
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<th>Preventative Maintenance</th>
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<tbody>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASC Certification Level:</td>
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<tr>
<td>GDF Contact Person Phone:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GDF Contact Person E-mail:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes

Use the form on the following page to note details of Preventative Maintenance activities.
13.2 Preventative Maintenance Checklist Form

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Date Inspected</th>
<th>Completed</th>
<th>Required Action Items</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PROCESSOR</strong></td>
<td>Yearly</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Inspect drive coupling on vacuum pump.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Check the continuity of the heat trace cable.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RECIRCULATION BLOWER</strong></td>
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<td>• Replace every 10 years or every 15,000 hours, whichever comes first.</td>
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<td><strong>VACUUM PUMP</strong></td>
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