

**California Environmental Protection Agency  
AIR RESOURCES BOARD**

**Executive Order G-70-153-AD**

**Modification to the Certification of the  
Dresser/Wayne WayneVac Phase II Vapor Recovery System**

WHEREAS, the California Air Resources Board ("the Board" or "CARB") has established, pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 39600, 39601 and 41954, certification procedures for systems designed for the control of gasoline vapor emissions during motor vehicle fueling operations (Phase II vapor recovery systems) in its "CP-201 Certification Procedure for Vapor Recovery Systems of Dispensing Facilities" (the "Certification Procedures") as last amended April 12, 1996, incorporated by reference into Title 17, California Code of Regulations, Section 94011;

WHEREAS, the Board has established, pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 39600, 39601 and 41954, test procedures for determining the compliance of Phase II vapor recovery systems with emission standards in its "Certification and Test Procedures for Vapor Recovery Systems," CP-201.1 through CP-201.6 ("the Test Procedures") as adopted April 12, 1996, incorporated by reference into Title 17, California Code of Regulations, Section 94011;

WHEREAS, Dresser Industries, Wayne Division ("Wayne"), requested and was granted certification of the WayneVac Phase II vapor recovery system ("WayneVac system") pursuant to the Certification and Test Procedures on November 12, 1993, by Executive Order G-70-153, and was granted modifications to the certification by Executive Orders G-70-153-AA, issued July 14, 1994, G-70-153-AB, issued August 1, 1996 and G-70-153-AC issued August 11, 1997;

WHEREAS, Modification of the WayneVac certification was necessary to include the OPW model 12VW nozzle, additional vapor tubing retrofit kits for the dispenser, a rebuilt vapor pump, and a minimum flowrate of 6 gallons per minute for valid Air to Liquid ratio measurements;

WHEREAS, the modification to the certification of the WayneVac system has been evaluated pursuant the Board's Certification Procedures;

WHEREAS, the Certification Procedures (CP-201) provides that the Executive Officer shall issue an order of certification if he or she determines that the vapor recovery system conforms to all of the applicable requirements set forth in the Certification Procedures;

WHEREAS, I, Michael P. Kenny, Air Resources Board Executive Officer, find that the WayneVac system conforms with all the requirements set forth in the Certification Procedures, and results in a vapor recovery system which is at least 95 percent effective for attendant and/or self-serve use at gasoline service stations when used in conjunction with a Phase I vapor recovery system which has been certified by the Board and meets the requirements contained in Exhibit 2 of this Order.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the WayneVac system when used with a CARB-certified Phase I system, as specified in Exhibits 1 and 2 of this Order, is certified to be at least 95 percent effective in attended and/or self-serve mode. **Compatibility of this system with the onboard vapor recovery systems ("ORVR") has not been evaluated to determine the emissions impact. Fugitive emissions which may occur when the underground storage tanks are under positive pressure have not been quantified and were not included in the calculation of system effectiveness.** Exhibit 1 contains a list of the equipment certified for use with the WayneVac system. Exhibit 2 contains installation and performance specifications for the system. Exhibit 3 contains a procedure for testing the static pressure integrity of the underground storage tank. Exhibit 4 contains a procedure for verifying dispensing rate.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the dispensing rate for installations with the WayneVac System shall not exceed ten (10.0) gallons per minute at any nozzle. This is consistent with the flowrate limitation imposed by United States Environmental Protection Agency as specified in the Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 80, section 80.22. Dispensing rate shall be verified as specified in Exhibit 4.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that compliance with the certification requirements and rules and regulations of the Division of Measurement Standards of the Department of Food and Agriculture, the State Fire Marshal's Office, and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health of the Department of Industrial Relations is made a condition of this certification.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the following requirements are made a condition of certification. The WayneVac system shall be installed only in facilities which are capable of demonstrating on-going compliance with the vapor integrity requirements contained in Exhibit 3 of this Order. The owner or operator of the installation shall conduct, and pass, a Static Pressure Decay test as specified in Exhibit 3, no later than 60 days after startup and at least once in each twelve month period. The owner or operator of the installation shall conduct, and pass, an Air-to-Liquid Ratio test as specified in TP-201.5 no later than 60 days after startup and at least once in each twelve month period thereafter. The test results shall be made available to the local air pollution control or air quality management district upon request within fifteen calendar days after the tests are conducted, or within fifteen calendar days of the request. These results should be submitted in a district approved format. Alternative test procedures may be used if determined by the Executive Officer, in writing, to yield comparable results.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the WayneVac system, as installed, shall demonstrate compliance with the procedures and performance standards the test installation was required to meet during certification testing. If, in the judgment of the Executive Officer, a significant fraction of installations fail to meet the specifications of this certification, or if a significant portion of the vehicle population is found to have configurations which significantly impair the system's collection efficiency, the certification itself may be subject to modification, suspension or revocation.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the certified WayneVac system shall, at a minimum, be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended maintenance intervals and shall use the manufacturer's recommended operation, installation, and maintenance procedures.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all nozzles approved for use with the WayneVac system shall be 100 percent performance checked at the factory, including checks of the integrity of the vapor and liquid path, as specified in Exhibit 2 of this Order, and of the proper functioning of all automatic shut-off mechanisms.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that each vapor pump shall be adjusted and 100 percent performance checked at the factory, including verification that the pump, upon installation, will perform within the air-to-liquid ratio range specified in Exhibit 2 of this Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the certified WayneVac system shall be performance tested during installation for ability to dispense gasoline and collect vapors without difficulty, in the presence of the station manager or other responsible individual. Dresser/Wayne shall provide, to the station owner, operator or designee, CARB-approved copies of the installation and maintenance manuals (Part Number 917947) along with instructions in the proper use of the WayneVac system, its repair and maintenance schedule, and where system and/or component replacements can be readily obtained, which are to be stored at the facility. Revisions to the manual are subject to approval by CARB.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the certified WayneVac system shall be warranted by Dresser/Wayne, in writing, for at least one year, to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser, that the vapor recovery system is designed, built and equipped so as to conform at the time of original installation or sale with the applicable regulations and is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause the vapor recovery system to fail to conform with applicable regulations. Dresser/Wayne shall provide copies of the manufacturer's warranty for the WayneVac system to the station manager, owner or operator. All components shall be warranted to the ultimate purchaser as specified above for at least one year.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that any alteration of the equipment, parts, design, or operation of the systems certified hereby is prohibited, and is not compliant with this certification, unless such alteration has been approved by the Executive Officer or his/her designee.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the WayneVac certification Executive Order G-70-153-AC, issued August 11, 1997 is hereby superseded by this Executive Order.

Executed at Sacramento, California, this 3rd day of April, 2000.

Signature on file

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Michael P. Kenny  
Executive Officer

Attachments

# Executive Order G-70-153-AD

## Exhibit 1

### WayneVac System Equipment List

<u>Component</u>	<u>Manufacturer / Model</u>	<u>State Fire Marshal Identification Number</u>
<b>Nozzles</b>	OPW 11VAI-xx (with vapor valve and Vapor Escape Guard (VEG)) xx = 64 (15/16" OD spout, hold open latch (HOL)) 69 (13/16" OD spout, HOL) 84 (15/16" OD spout, no HOL) 89 (13/16" OD spout, no HOL) See Figure 1A-1	005:008:050
	Husky V34 Model 6200-4 (with vapor valve and VEG) See Figure 1A-2	005:021:008
	Husky V34 Model 6200 (with vapor valve and Vapor Splash Guard (VSG)) See Figure 1A-3	005:021:008
	Husky V34 Model 6250 (with vapor valve and (VSG)) See Figure 1A-4	005:021:008
	Emco Wheaton A4505 (with vapor valve and Vapor Guard) See Figure 1A-5	005:007:042
	Catlow ICVN (with vapor valve and ECD) See Figure 1A-6	005:030:014
	Richards Astrovac (with vapor valve and ECD) See Figure 1A-7	005:031:018
	OPW 12VW (with vapor valve and VEG) See Figure 1A-8	005:008:059

### **Splash Guards**

Splash guards are optional but, if used, must be the guards listed by the manufacturer for use with the nozzle. Splash guards shall be installed so they do not interfere with the operation of the VEG or VSG units.

<u>Component</u>	<u>Manufacturer / Model</u>	<u>State Fire Marshal Identification Number</u>
<b>Inverted Coaxial Hoses</b>	Catlow Vapor Mate	005:033:005
	Dayco 7282 Superflex 2000	005:033:005
	Dayco 7292 Superflex 4000	005:033:006
	Dayco 7246 Flex-Ever Ultimate	005:033:007
	Dayco 7253BVD Flex-Ever Ultimate	005:033:008
	Goodyear Flexsteel	005:036:002
	GT Sales/Hewitt Superflex 2000	005:033:005
	Thermoid Hi-Vac	005:037:003
	Thermoid Hi-Vac S	005:037:004
	VST VSTaflex	005:052:001
	VST VST-CIS	005:052:001

OR

Any inverted coaxial hose which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system

<b>Breakaway Couplings</b>	<b>With A Vapor Poppet</b>	
	Catlow AV2001 (reconnectable)	005:030:006
	Catlow AVR200S (reconnectable)	005:030:010
	Catlow IVC200S	005:030:017
	Emco Wheaton A5219-001 (reconnectable)	005:030:010
	Husky 4034 (reconnectable)	005:021:009
	Husky 5134 (reconnectable w/tool)	005:021:009
	OPW 66CIP (reconnectable)	005:030:010
	OPW 66CAS	005:008:056
	Richards VA-50 (reconnectable)	005:031:007
	Richards VA-50B (reconnectable)	005:031:014
	Richards VA-60 (OPW 66ISU-5100)	005:031:009
	VST-IS-SBK	005:044:008
	VST-H-SBK	005:044:008

OR

Any inverted coaxial breakaway with a vapor valve which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.

<b>Breakaway Couplings</b>	<b>Without A Vapor Poppet</b>	
	<b>(Note: These shall not be used after August 1, 2000.)</b>	
	Catlow AV200	005:030:005
	Catlow AV200-1	005:030:005
	Emco Wheaton A5019-001	005:030:005
	OPW 66CI	005:030:005
	Richards VA-51 (reconnectable)	005:031:007
	Richards VA-61 (OPW 66ISU-5200)	005:031:009

<u>Component</u>	<u>Manufacturer / Model</u>	<u>State Fire Marshal Identification Number</u>
<b>Breakaway/Hose Combinations</b>	VST-IS-BK (Breakaway includes a vapor poppet.)	005:044:004
	OR Any inverted coaxial breakaway/hose combination with a vapor valve which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.	
<b>Swivels</b>	OPW 43-IS	005:008:057
	Richards MFVA	005:031:015
	Husky 4605	005:021:016
	Catlow IC3	005:030:018
	OR Any inverted coaxial swivel which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.	
<b>Breakaway/Swivel Combinations</b>	Richards STVA (OPW 66ISB-5100) (Breakaway includes a vapor poppet.)	005:031:016
	OR Any inverted coaxial breakaway/swivel combination with a vapor valve which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.	
<b>Flow Control Units</b>	Catlow I10G-1A	005:030:013
	Healy 1301M	005:027:020
	Healy 1302M	005:027:020
	Husky 5837	005:021:012
	OPW 66FL	005:008:054
	OPW 66FD	005:008:054
	Richards FRVAD	005:031:017
	Vapor Systems Technologies (VST)	005:044:001
	OR Any inverted coaxial flow control unit which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.	

<u>Component</u>	<u>Manufacturer / Model</u>	<u>State Fire Marshal Identification Number</u>
<b>Breakaway/Flow Control Unit Combinations</b>	OPW 66FLB (Breakaway includes a vapor poppet.)	005:008:055
	OR Any inverted coaxial breakaway/flow control unit combination with a vapor valve which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.	
<b>Pressure/Vacuum Valves</b> (settings as specified below)	OPW 523LP, 523LPS	005:008:051
	Hazlett H-PVB-1 Gold label	005:017:004
	Morrison Brothers 749CRB0600 AV	005:041:001
	Husky 4620	005:021:015
	OPW 523V	005:008:058
	EBW 802-308, 802-309	005:034:006
	OR Any CARB-certified valve with the following pressure and vacuum settings, in inches water column (wc): <u>Pressure</u> : three plus or minus one-half inches (3.0 ± 0.5") water column. <u>Vacuum</u> : eight plus or minus two inches (8 ± 2") water column.	
<b>Vapor Pump</b>	Thomas Industries positive displacement vane pump/motor Model Number: VR-0020/991110	005:055:001
	VR-0020R/981014	005:055:001
	OR Any vapor pump which is CARB-certified for use with the WayneVac system.	
<b>Dispensers</b>	<u>Vista Series Dispensers</u> : prefix/Vxxxxyz/suffix "prefix" = any number or letter V = V (Vista) "x" = any digit "y" = D or P D designates remote dispenser type for delivering fuel P designates suction pump for delivering fuel "z" = 1,3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 "suffix" = D1 or D2, and any combination of number(s) or letter(s) (Vista dispensers with other suffixes must be fitted with a retrofit kit as listed below)	005:019:001
	Non-Vista dispensers: must be fitted with a retrofit kit as listed below	

<u>Component</u>	<u>Manufacturer / Model</u>	<u>State Fire Marshal Identification Number</u>
<b>WayneVac Retrofit Kits</b>	<p>#918645 series(Wayne Vac kits) to be used with either #918643 (tubing kit for non-vapor dispenser) or; #921095 series(upper tubing kit for converting balanced piped dispensers to ½" vapor tubing) or; #921124 series (lower tubing kit for converting balanced piped dispensers to vapor tubing) or; #921137 series (tubing kit for converting non vapor piped dispensers to ½" vapor tubing)</p> <p>KITS SHALL BE USED ONLY WITH: Vista-series dispensers (same as above except no D1/D2 suffix), OR Non-Vista dispensers: dxy/a9c-ef "d" = D (non-Vista), "9" = 9, "-" = - "x" = D, S, T, L, V "y" = 1 through 6 "a" = 3, 4 or 5 "c" = 0, 5 or 9 "e" = 1, 2 or 3 "f" = L or 3</p>	<p>WayneVac Retrofit x-918726-KIT 005:019:003 "x" = 1 or 2</p>

**Phase I Product Adaptors**

Bravo B-70 B Swivel  
OPW 61SA-1000 Rotatable  
OPW 633LC Lock Clamp

OR

Any CARB-certified device which prevents loosening or overtightening of the Phase I product adaptor.

***(Note: Adaptors which can not be prevented from loosening or overtightening may only be used until December 31, 2003.)***

**Phase I Vapor Adaptors**

Any CARB-certified device which prevents loosening or overtightening of the Phase I vapor adaptor

Note: For systems installed before two CARB-certified devices which prevent loosening or overtightening of the Phase I vapor adaptor are available, or within sixty days after that date, any CARB-certified Phase I vapor adaptor may be used for a period not to exceed four years from the date the second device was certified.



## Executive Order G-70-153-AD

### Exhibit 2

#### Specifications for the WayneVac Bootless Nozzle System

Figures 2A-1 through 2A-5 contain drawings of typical piping installations for the WayneVac system. Figures 2B-1 and 2B-2 depict the dispenser and hose configuration possibilities for the WayneVac system. Figure 2C provides instructions for conducting air-to-liquid ratio testing with the Husky V34 6250 nozzle. Figure 2D illustrates the installation of the adapter when conducting air-to-liquid ratio testing.

#### Nozzles

1. **OPW 11VAI and Husky V34 6200-4**

A Vapor Escape Guard (VEG) shall be installed on the OPW 11VAI and Husky V34 6200-4 nozzles at the base of the spout, as shown in Figure 1A-1 and 1A-2. Any OPW 11VAI or Husky V34 6200-4 nozzle with a VEG which is missing, or which is damaged such that at least one-eighth (1/8) of the circumference is missing, or which has cumulative damage equivalent to at least 1/8 of the circumference missing, is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

2. **OPW 11VAI**

Replacement OPW 11VAI nozzles, new or rebuilt, must include the stainless steel spout. Spout kits for the field repair of the 11VAI nozzle must include the stainless steel assembly. The conversion must include replacement of the spout adapter located inside the nozzle body. (*Note: Existing OPW 11VAI nozzles in the field which have not been replaced or repaired may use either a stainless steel or an aluminum spout*). The aluminum spout has a total of 12 vapor recovery holes while the stainless steel spout has a total of 18 vapor recovery holes. Figure 1A-1 shows a typical 11VAI nozzle.

3. **Husky V34 6200 and V34 6250**

A Vapor Splash Guard (VSG) shall be installed on the Husky V34 6200 and V34 6250 nozzles at the base of the spout, as shown in Figures 1A-3 and 1A-4.

- Damaged or Missing VSG

Any Husky V34 6200 and V34 6250 nozzle with a VSG which is missing, or which is damaged such that at least a one and one-half (1.5) inch slit has developed, or which has cumulative damage equivalent to at least a 1.5 inch slit, is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

Any Husky V34 6200 and V34 6250 nozzle, when properly latched into a vehicle fillpipe meeting the CARB standard, where the VSG flange portion does not make contact with or cover the entire fillpipe opening is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

- Holes in VSG

Any Husky V34 6200 and V34 6250 nozzle which is damaged such that greater than a three-eighths (3/8) inch hole has developed, or which has cumulative damage greater than a 3/8 inch hole, is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

4. **Emco Wheaton A4505**

A Vapor Guard (VG) shall be installed on the Emco Wheaton A4505 nozzle at the base of the spout, as shown in Figure 1A-5. Any Emco Wheaton A4505 nozzle with a VG which is missing, or which is damaged such that at least one-eighth (1/8) of the circumference is missing, or which has cumulative damage equivalent to at least 1/8 of the circumference missing, is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

5. **Catlow ICVN and Richards Astrovac**

An Efficiency Compliance Device (ECD) shall be installed on the Catlow ICVN nozzle and Richards Astrovac nozzle at the base of the spout, as shown in Figures 1A-6 and 1A-7. Any Catlow ICVN or Richards Astrovac nozzle with an ECD which is damaged with a slit from the base to the rim, is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

6. **OPW 12VW**

A Vapor Escape Guard (VEG) shall be installed on the OPW 12VW nozzle at the base of the spout, as shown in Figure 1A-8. Any OPW 12VW nozzle with a VEG which is missing, or which is damaged such that at least three-quarters (3/4) of the circumference is missing, or which has cumulative damage equivalent to at least 3/4 of the circumference missing, is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

7. Failure mode testing demonstrated that blockage of some of the vapor collection holes in the spout of the nozzle has negligible effect on the operation of the system until the number of unblocked holes is less than required below. The Husky V34 6250 nozzle uses a solid spout design which does not have any vapor collection holes on the tip of the spout. Gasoline vapors are directed to the base of the spout by the VSG where they can be collected by the WayneVac system.

Nozzle	Minimum Number of <u>Unblocked</u> Vapor Holes Required
OPW 11VAI	2
Husky V34 6200-4	2
Husky V34 6200	2
Husky V34 6250	N/A
Emco Wheaton A4505	3
Catlow ICVN	3
Richards Astrovac	3
OPW 12VW	1

Any nozzle which is found to have fewer unobstructed vapor collection holes than are required is defective and shall be immediately removed from service.

8. The nozzles shall have an integral vapor valve which prevents the loss of vapor from the underground storage tanks, ensures proper operation of the system and prevents the ingestion of air into the system when another nozzle which is connected to the same vapor pump is used. **Any nozzle with a defective vapor valve will substantially impair the effectiveness of the other nozzles associated with the same vapor pump. Therefore, any nozzle with a defective vapor valve, and all nozzles at the same fueling point (dispenser side), shall be immediately removed from service and the vapor path shall be closed as soon as practicable.**
9. Nozzles shall be 100 percent performance checked at the factory, including checks of all shutoff mechanisms and of the integrity of the vapor path. The maximum allowable leak

rate for the nozzle shall not exceed the following:

- 0.038 CFH at a pressure of two inches water column (2" wc), and
- 0.005 CFH at a vacuum of twenty seven inches water column (approx. 1 psi).

10. Sealing of the vapor holes on the nozzle spout (such as placing a balloon or the fingers of a glove over the holes on the nozzle spout, or bagging nozzles) is not permitted during static pressure decay tests. Sealing of the nozzle vapor holes during a static pressure decay test may mask a defective vapor valve.

### **Dispensing Rate**

1. The dispensing rate for installations of the WayneVac system shall not exceed 10.0 gallons per minute. This shall be determined as specified in Exhibit 4.

### **Inverted Coaxial Hoses**

1. The length of hose which may be in contact with the island and/or ground when the nozzle is properly mounted on the dispenser is limited to six inches (6"). In the case of a dogbone type island, the hose may touch the vertical face of the island at the option of the local district.
2. The hose configuration shall comply with Figure 2B-1 or 2B-2; there may be 1 to 4 hoses on each side of the dispenser. Within the constraints of the configurations, the maximum length of the hose, including the breakaway and/or whip hose ('pig tail') sections, shall be fifteen feet (15').

### **Breakaway Couplings**

1. Breakaway couplings are optional but, if installed, only CARB-certified breakaways may be used. **CARB-certified breakaway couplings which do not close the vapor path and are listed in Exhibit 1 of this Executive Order may only be used until August 1, 2000.**
2. The following section does not apply to breakaways that contain a valve which closes the vapor path when it is separated. Operation of the system, when a breakaway coupling is separated, will substantially reduce the effectiveness of the other nozzles at that fueling point (dispenser side). Separated breakaways shall be recoupled, or the vapor path plugged, as soon as possible. Other nozzles at the same fueling point shall be removed from service when such a breakaway is separated.

NOTE: A separated breakaway will also impair the integrity of the system and may result in vapor loss from or air ingestion into the underground storage tanks.

### **Pressure/Vacuum Valves for Storage Tank Vents**

1. A pressure/vacuum (P/V) valve shall be installed on each tank vent. Vent lines may be manifolded to minimize the number of P/V valves and potential leak sources, provided the manifold is installed at a height not less than 12 feet above the driveway surface used for Phase I tank truck filling operations. At least one P/V valve shall be installed on manifolded vents. If two P/V valves are desired, they shall be installed in parallel, so that each can serve as a backup for the other if one should fail to open properly. The P/V valve shall be a CARB-certified valve as specified in Exhibit 1. The outlets shall vent

upward and be located to eliminate the possibility of vapor accumulating or traveling to a source of ignition or entering adjacent buildings.

2. The P/V valve is designed to open at a pressure of approximately three inches water column (3" wc). Storage tank pressure which exceeds 3" wc for more than a short time may indicate a malfunctioning pressure/vacuum vent valve.

**WayneVac System**

1. The A/L ratio of the system measured at a flowrate between six and ten gallons per minute (6 - 10 gpm), shall be within the values listed in the following table. Any fueling point not capable of demonstrating compliance with this performance standard shall be deemed defective and removed from service. The A/L ratio shall be determined by using the CARB-approved procedure TP-201.5. Alternative test procedures may be used if they are determined by the Executive Officer, in writing, to yield comparable results. Figure 2D illustrates the correct configuration for including or excluding the shut-off port. **Instructions on how to conduct A/L testing with the Husky 6250 nozzle are listed in Figure 2C.**

Nozzle	Shut-off Port	A/L Installation	A/L Ratio
OPW VAI	excluded	Figure 2D	<b>0.90 to 1.10</b>
Husky V34 6200-5	included	Figure 2D	
Husky V34 6200	included	Figure 2D	
Husky V34 6250	excluded	Figure 2C	
Emco Wheaton	excluded	Figure 2D	
Catlow ICVN	excluded	Figure 2D	
Richards Astrovac	excluded	Figure 2D	
OPW 12VW	excluded	Figure 2D	

NOTE: This test procedure returns air rather than vapor to the storage tank, and normally causes an increase in storage tank pressure which may result in vent emissions. This is a temporary condition due to the test and should not be considered an indication of malfunction or noncompliance.

2. The WayneVac system shall be equipped with electronic safeguards designed to ensure that no fuel is dispensed if the vapor pump motor fails. Malfunction of the vapor pump motor is indicated when more than 1/2 power is applied for over 10 seconds with no rotation detected. This condition shall cause the dispenser computer to recognize an error and shut down the dispenser. Furthermore, an LED on the control board will begin to flash three times every few seconds. Any dispensing which occurs while the LED continues to flash in this sequence and/or while the vacuum pump is inoperable is considered to be a defect.
3. The vapor inlet of the WayneVac Thomas Industries vapor pump includes an inlet filter screen to help prevent the ingestion of small particles of debris from entering the vapor pump and causing it to bind. The inlet filter screen is constructed of a stainless steel 40 wire mesh material and may consist of a thumbnail, basket, concave, or flat style design.
4. The WayneVac system may include a thermostat unit which activates at 0 degrees Celsius. The thermostat unit allows the vacuum pump to cycle continuously when the

dispenser is not in use. This keeps the vapor pump from becoming frozen in a cold environment. The thermostat is installed into one of the WayneVac's pulser conduits that enters the electronic head through the dispenser vapor barrier or into the splice box on the vacuum pump motor. The temperature at the bottom of the pulser conduit or splice box is approximately ambient temperature. The thermostat wires are connected to a control board jumper connection. When the thermostat closes at around 0 degrees Celsius, the software activates the vacuum pump motor to cycle continuously forward and backward. When the temperature goes above freezing, the thermostat opens and the system goes back to normal operation.

### **Vapor Recovery Piping Configurations**

1. The maximum allowable pressure drop through the system shall never exceed one-half inch (0.5") water column at 60 SCFH. The pressure drop shall be measured from the dispenser riser to the UST with pressure/vacuum valves installed and with the popped Phase I vapor connection open.

Note: The A/L test may be used to verify proper operation of the system, in lieu of measuring the pressure drop through the lines, provided that at least two gallons of product is introduced into the system at the termination of the vapor return lines, prior to the test.

2. All vapor return and vent lines shall slope a minimum of 1/8 inch per foot. A slope of 1/4 inch or more per foot is recommended wherever feasible.
3. The dispenser shall be connected to the riser with either flexible or rigid material which is listed for use with gasoline. Clamps should be used to secure the flexible lines. The dispenser-to-riser connection shall be installed so that any liquid in the lines will drain toward the UST. The internal diameter of the connector, including all fittings, shall be not less than three-fourths inch (3/4").
4. All vapor return and vent piping shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and all applicable regulations.
5. No product shall be dispensed from any fueling point associated with a vapor line which is disconnected and open to the atmosphere. If vapor lines are manifolded, this includes all fueling points in the facility. Dispensing of product from any fueling point associated with a disconnected vapor line is considered to be a defect.
6. The recommended nominal inside diameter of the underground Phase II plumbing is as indicated in Figures 2A-1 through 2A-5. Smaller vapor lines are not recommended but may be used provided the pressure drop criteria specified above are met. The vapor return lines shall be manifolded below grade at the tanks as indicated in the figures.

*Exception:* For installations with a vapor return line directly to only one tank, and for which a manifold on the tank vents will be used to provide part of the vapor return path to other tanks, the vent manifold may be used as an alternative to the underground manifold only in existing installations where the vapor piping is already installed, and shall not be used in "new" installations where vapor piping is being installed. For installations with dedicated vapor piping directly to each tank, the vent manifold is approved for both new and existing installations and an additional tank manifold below grade is optional but not required.

## **Phase I System**

**WARNING:** Phase I fill caps should be opened with caution because the storage tank may be under pressure.

1. The Phase I system shall be a CARB-certified system which is in good working order and which demonstrates compliance with the static pressure decay test criteria contained in Exhibit 3 of this Order. Coaxial Phase I systems shall not be used with new installations of the system. **Replacement of storage tanks at existing facilities, or modifications which cause the installation of new or replacement Phase I vapor recovery equipment, are considered new installations with regard to this prohibition.** Districts may grant an exception to this prohibition for coaxial Phase I systems CARB-certified after January 1, 1994, as compatible for use with Phase II systems which require pressure/vacuum vent valves. Where installation of the WayneVac system is made by retrofitting previously installed equipment, local districts may elect to allow existing coaxial Phase I systems to remain in use for a specifically identified period of time provided the following conditions are met:
  - the existing coaxial Phase I system is a poppeted, CARB-certified system capable of demonstrating compliance with the static pressure decay test as specified above; and
  - installation of the Phase II system requires no modification of the UST(s) and/or connections.
2. Spill containment manholes which have drain valves shall demonstrate compliance with the static pressure decay criteria with the drain valves installed as in normal operation. Manholes with cover-actuated drain valves shall not be used in new installations (as defined above). Manholes with cover-actuated drain valves may remain in use in facilities where installation of the WayneVac system does not require modification of the tank fittings provided the facility demonstrates compliance with static pressure decay test criteria both with the cover in place and with the cover removed.
3. The Phase I vapor recovery system shall be operated during product deliveries so as to minimize the loss of vapors from the facility storage tank which may be under pressure. Provided it is not in conflict with established safety procedures, this shall be accomplished in the following manner:
  - **the Phase I vapor return hose is connected to the delivery tank and to the delivery elbow before the elbow is connected to the facility storage tank;**
  - **the delivery tank is opened only after all vapor connections have been made, and is closed before disconnection of any vapor return hoses; and**
  - **the vapor return hose is disconnected from the facility storage tank before it is disconnected from the delivery tank.**

4. Phase I deliveries shall be accomplished so as to ensure that there is at least one vapor connection between the cargo tank compartment headspace and the storage tank associated with the product delivery. There shall be no more than two product hoses used with one vapor hose connected, and no more than three product hoses used with two vapor hoses connected.
  
5. Storage tank vent pipes, and fill and vapor and manhole tops, shall be maintained any color which minimizes solar gain and has a reflective effectiveness of 55% or greater. Reflectivity shall be determined by visual comparison of the paint with paint color cards obtained from a paint manufacturer who uses the "Master Pallet Notation" to specify the paint color (i.e. 58YY *88/180* where the number in italics is the paint reflectivity). Examples of colors having a reflective effectiveness of 55% or greater include, but not limited to: yellow, light gray, aluminum, tan, red iron oxide, cream or pale blue, light green, glossy gray, light blue, light pink, light cream, white, silver, beige, tin plate and mirrored finish. **Existing facilities which were installed before April 1, 1996, must be in compliance with this requirement no later than January 1, 1998. Manhole covers which are color coded for product identification are exempted from this requirement.**